PANIMALAR ENGINEERING COLLEGE



(An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai) Bangalore Trunk Road, Varadharajapuram, Poonamallee, Chennai – 600123

Master of Engineering Computer Science and Engineering

Curriculum & Syllabus

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



PANIMALAR ENGINEERING COLLEGE

(An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai) Bangalore Trunk Road, Varadharajapuram, Poonamallee, Chennai – 600 123.



Department of Computer Science and Engineering M.E- Computer Science and Engineering

CURRICULUM AND SYLLABUS REGULATION-2025

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

VISION

To create a dynamic academic environment that nurtures technologically proficient individuals with a spirit of research, innovation and effective communication while instilling strong social awareness and national responsibility, enabling them to excel in the field of computer engineering.

MISSION

- **M1**: To establish a dynamic academic environment with dedicated faculty and modern resources, fostering expertise in both fundamental concepts and emerging computing domains.
- **M2**: To equip students with industry-relevant skills, critical thinking abilities, and leadership qualities, while instilling ethical values and a sense of responsibility through knowledge dissemination and technological advancements for societal progress.
- **M3**: To drive collaborative innovation through partnerships with academia and industry, ensuring seamless exchange of expertise, leading to intellectual property creation, product development, commercialization, and sustained research funding.

PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

PEO 1: Apply the basic fundamental tools and profound knowledge of computer science

& engineering to generate interest in newer areas of research and develop the

students into successful professionals.

- **PEO 2**: Adapt to sustained learning and ever-changing technological and societal requirements which will enable them to attain a dynamic career in academics and research and industries.
- **PEO 3**: Demonstrate and Practice professional and ethical code of conduct towards team work with societal responsibilities.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (PO)

- **PO1:** An ability to independently carry out research /investigation, and development work to solve practical problems
- PO2: An ability to write and present a substantial technical report/document
- **PO3:** Students should be able to demonstrate a degree of mastery over the area as per the specialization of the program.
- **PO4:** Apply advanced research methods, experimental design, and critical analysis to solve complex engineering problems.
- **PO5:** Integrate technical expertise, ethics, and sustainability to create socially relevant engineering solutions.
- **PO6:** Commit to lifelong learning in response to emerging technologies and global challenges.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO)

- **PSO 1 (Professional Skills)**: To inculcate technical skills to analyze, design and implement software is related to algorithms, networking, web services, multimedia, big data analytics and recent topics of varying complexity.
- **PSO 2 (Problem-Solving Skills)**: To develop the capability to comprehend and solve the interdisciplinary problems through appropriate technology with the understanding of contemporary business environment
- **PSO 3 (Successful Career and Entrepreneurship):** To develop an ability to utilize the latest technology and platforms to become a triumphant professional, successful entrepreneur and an urge for pursuing higher studies.



MAPPING OF PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES WITH PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

A broad relation between the Programme educational objective and the outcomes is given in the following table

PEO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
1.	1	2	3	3	3	3
2.	3	3	3	3	2	3
3.	3	3	2	3	3	2

ENGINEERING COLLEG

YEAR	SEMESTER	COURSE TITLE	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
		Advanced Mathematics for Scientific Computing	2	2	2	2	2	2
		Advanced Data structures and Algorithms	3	3	2	2	2	3
		Distributed Database Systems	3	2	2	2	2	2
		Advanced Networking Technology	2	1	2	1	1	2
	_	Research Methodology and IPR	3	2	2	2	2	2
	Β	Audit Course – I	NAL					
EAR	S	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms Laboratory	3	2	2	2	1	2
IYE		Networking Technologies Laboratory	3	2	2	2	1	2
		Advanced Software Engineering	3	3	2	2	2	3
		Data Mining and Analytics	2		2	2	3	3
	_	Machine Learning Techniques	2	2	1	2	1	2
	EMI	Professional Elective I						
	S	Professional Elective II						
		Audit Course – II						
		Machine Learning Techniques Laboratory	1	2	2	2	2	2

YEAR	SEMESTER	COURSE TITLE	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
		Professional Elective –III						
II YEAR	SEM 3	Professional Elective –IV						
		Professional Elective –V						
		Open Elective						
		Industry Orientation and Technical Seminar	IG CO	1500				
		Project Work Phase- I	5		CH			
	SEM 4	Project Work Phase- II		VIV				

PANIMALAR ENGINEERING COLLEGE, CHENNAI

(An Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai) M.E- Computer Science and Engineering CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM (CBCS) I - IV SEMESTERS CURRICULUM AND SYLLABI (REGUALTION 2025)

Se	mester I						
S. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Category	L/T/P	Contact Hours	Credit	Ext / Int Weightage
		Theory	Courses				
1	25MA2101	Advanced Mathematics for Scientific Computing	FC	3/1/0	4	4	60/40
2	25CS2101	Advanced Data structures and Algorithms	PCC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
3	25CS2102	Distributed Database Systems	PCC	4/0/0	4	4	60/40
4	25CS2103	Advanced Networking Technology	PCC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
5	25RM2101	Research Methodology and IPR	RMC	2/1/0	3	3	60/40
	•	Laborato	ry Course	1.64			
6	25CS2111	Data Structures and Algorithms Laboratory	PCC	0/0/4	4	2	40/60
7	25CS2112	Networking Technologies Laboratory	PCC	0/0/4	4	2	40/60
		Audit	Course		2		
8		Audit Course – I	AC	2/0/0	2	0	0/100
		TOTAL	S CON		27	21	

Ser	mester II			9 6			
S. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Category	L/T/P	Contact Hours	Credit	Ext / Int Weightage
		Theory	Courses				
1	25CS2201	Advanced Software	PCC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
2	25CS2203	Machine Learning Techniques	PCC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
3		Professional Elective I	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
4		Professional Elective II	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
	•	Theory Cum P	ractical Cou	irses			
4	25CS2202	Data Mining and Analytics	PCC	3/0/2	5	4	50/50
		Laborato	ry Course				
6	25CS2211	Machine Learning Techniques Laboratory	PCC	0/0/4	4	2	40/60
		Audit	Course				
7		Audit Course – II	AC	2/0/0	2	0	0/100
		TOTAL			23	18	

Ser	nester III						
S. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Category	L/T/P	Contact Hours	Credit	Ext / Int Weightage
		Theory	Courses				
1		Professional Elective III	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
2		Professional Elective IV	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
3		Professional Elective V	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
4		Open Elective	OEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
		Laborato	ry Course				
5	25CS2311	Industry Orientation and Technical Seminar	EEC	0/0/4	4	2	40/60
6	25CS2312	Project Work Phase- I	EEC	0/0/12	12	6	40/60
		TOTAL	SU2	$\sum $	28	20	

			E E	()	INA		
Sem	nester IV						
S. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Categor y	L/T/P	Contact Hours	Credit	Ext / Int. Weightage
		Laborator	y Courses	15			
1	25CS2411	Project Work Phase- II	EEC	0/0/24	24	12	40/60
		TOTAL	DURANCE	1.81	24	12	



TOTAL NO. OF CREDITS: 71

AUDIT COURSE – I

Registration for any of these courses is optional to students

S. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Category	L/T/P	Contact Hours	Credit	Ext / Int Weightage
		Theory	Courses				
1	25AC2101	English for Research Paper Writing	AC	2/0/0	2	0	0/100
2	25AC2102	Disaster Management	AC	2/0/0	2	0	0/100
3	25AC2103	Sanskrit for Technical Knowledge	AC	2/0/0	2	0	0/100
4	25AC2104	Value Education	AC	2/0/0	2	0	0/100

AUDIT COURSE - II

Registration for any of these courses is optional to students

S. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Category	L/T/P	Contact Hours	Credit	Ext / Int Weightage
		Theory	Courses		0		
1	25AC2201	Constitution of India	AC	2/0/0	2	0	0/100
2	25AC2202	Pedagogy Studies	AC	2/0/0	2	0	0/100
3	25AC2203	Stress Management by Yoga	AC	2/0/0	2	0	0/100
4	25AC2204	Personality Development Through Life Enlightenment Skills	AC	2/0/0	2	0	0/100

OPEN ELECTIVE COURSE

S. No	COURSE CODE		Category	L/T/P	Contact Hours	Credit	Ext / Int Weightage
		Theory	Courses				
1	250E2001	Business Data Analytics	OEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
2	250E2002	Industrial Safety	OEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
3	250E2003	Operations Research	OEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
4	250E2004	Cost Management of Engineering Projects	OEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
5	250E2005	Composite Materials	OEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
6	250E2006	Waste to Energy	OEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40

LIST OF ELECTIVES

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES (PE) - Professional Elective – I, II, III, IV & V

S. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	Category	L/T/P	Contact Hours	Credit	Ext / Int Weightage
	1	Theory C	ourses	1			1
1.	25CS2901	Information Security	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
2.	25CS2902	Deep Learning	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
3.	25CS2903	Cloud Infrastructure Management	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
4.	25CS2904	Adhoc And Wireless Sensor Networks	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
5.	25CS2905	Computer Vision	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
6.	25CS2906	Bio Metric Systems	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
7.	25CS2907	Data Engineering and Visualization	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
8.	25CS2908	Agile Practices	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
9.	25CS2909	Network Performance Analysis	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
10.	25CS2910	Bio Informatics	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
11.	25CS2911	Block chain Technologies and Applications	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
12.	25CS2912	Industry 4.0	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
13.	25CS2913	Software Testing and Quality Assurance	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
14.	25CS2914	Next Generation Networks	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
15.	25CS2915	Computational Intelligence	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
16.	25CS2916	Cyber Physical Systems	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
17.	25CS2917	Information Storage Management	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
18.	25CS2918	Software Reliability Metrics and Models	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
19.	25CS2919	Medical Image Processing	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
20.	25CS2920	Natural Language Processing	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
21.	25CS2921	Digital Forensics	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
22.	25CS2922	Open Source Programming	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
23.	25CS2923	Social Network Analysis	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
24.	25CS2924	Quantum Computing	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40
25.	25CS2925	E Learning Technologies	PEC	3/0/0	3	3	60/40

CREDIT DISTRIBUTION

Subject Area Credits Per Serr						Credits Total	%
	Semester	I	11	III	IV		
1.	Professional Core (PCC)	14	12	-	-	26	38
2.	Research Methodology and IPR Course (RMC)	3	-	-	-	3	4
3.	Professional Electives (PEC)	-	6	9	-	15	21
4.	Open Electives (OE)	-	-	3	-	3	4
5.	Foundation Courses (FC)	4	-	-	-	4	6
6.	Employability Enhancement Course (EEC)	-	-	8	12	20	28
7.	Audit Courses (AC)	0 NG C	0	-	-	0	0
	TOTAL	21	18	20	12	71	100



SEMESTER I

25MA2101 ADVANCED MATHEMATICS FOR SCIENTIFIC 3 COMPUTING

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To apply mathematical linear programming techniques to solve constrained problems.
- To appreciate the use of simulation techniques •
- To give an idea of testing the statistical hypothesis claimed based on a set of data points using standard sampling distributions with large samples
- To test the statistical hypothesis based on a set of data using small samples, variance of two samples and independence of attributes.
- To analyze the design of experiments through one factor, two factors and three factors.
- To impart knowledge of handling random vectors which represent random variables in multi- dimensional space.

Formulation – Graphical solution – Simplex method – Two phase method – Duality in Linear programming -Transportation problems (Optimal solution by MODI method), Travelling Salesman Problem and Assignment models.

LINEAR PROGRAMMING PROBLEM

UNIT - II

UNIT - I

SIMULATION MODELING

Introduction to Simulation - Types of Simulation -Discrete Event Simulation – Monte-Carlo Simulation – Generation of Random numbers - Stochastic Simulation – Applications to real time problems.

UNIT - III **TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS**

Sampling distributions – Estimation of parameters – Statistical hypothesis -Type I and Type Il errors - Tests based on large samples (Normal distribution) for mean, difference of means and proportions- Tests based on small samples (t-distribution) for mean and proportions, F-distribution for variances and Chi-square tests for independence of attributes and goodness of fit.

UNIT -IV

Design of experiments - Classifications - Completely randomized design - Randomized block design – Latin square design - 2² Factorial design.

DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS

UNIT -V MULTIVARIATE ANALYSIS

Random vectors and Matrices - Mean vectors and Covariance matrices - Multivariate Normal density and its properties – Principal components: Population principal components - Principal components from standardized variables.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

CO1 Formulate and find optimal solution in the real life optimizing/allocation/assignment problems involving conditions and resource constraints.

9+3

9+3

9+3

9+3

9+3

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- **CO2** Simulate appropriate application/distribution problems.
- **CO3** Apply statistical hypothesis claim based on a set of data points using large samples.
- **CO4** Apply statistical hypothesis using small samples, variance of two samples and independence of attributes.
- **CO5** Analyze the design of experiments through one way, two way and three way classifications.
- **CO6** Get exposure to the principal component analysis of random vectors and matrices

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- **1.** Jay L. Devore, —Probability and Statistics for Engineering and the Sciencesll, Cengage Learning, 9th Edition, Boston, 2016.
- 2. Johnson, R.A, Irwin Miller and John Freund., —Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineersll, Pearson Education, 9th Edition, New York, 2016.
- **3.** Johnson, R.A., and Wichern, D.W., —Applied Multivariate Statistical Analysisl, Pearson Education, Sixth Edition, New Delhi, 2013.
- **4.** Ross. S.M., —Probability Models for Computer Sciencell, Academic Press, SanDiego, 2002.
- Taha H.A.,, —Operations Research: An IntroductionII, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2017. 6. Winston, W.L., —Operations ResearchII, Thomson – Brooks/Cole, Fourth Edition, Belmont, 2003.
- **6.** K.Trivedi, Probability and Statistics with Reliability, Queuing, and Computer Science Applications, Wiley,2001.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	3	3	2		2	3	3	2
CO2	2	2	3	3		3	3	3	2
CO3	3	3		3		2	2	3	3
CO4	3	3		3		2	2	3	
CO5	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	2
CO6	3	3		3		3	3	3	3

L	т	Р	С
3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- 1. To understand various algorithmic design strategies and analysis techniques.
- 2. To explore the different tree data structures and its application.
- 3. To comprehend the heap data structures in graph algorithm.
- 4. To learn about geometric algorithms with trees.
- 5. To apply data structures for solving Approximation and Randomized algorithms.

UNIT - I

ALGORITHM COMPLEXITY & ANALYSIS

Performance Analysis - Time Complexity & Space Complexity - Properties of Big-Oh, Omega and Theta Notation - Conditional Asymptotic Notation - Algorithm Analysis -Amortized Analysis – Probabilistic Analysis – Competitive Analysis – Introduction to NP – Completeness/NP-Hard – Recurrence Equations – Solving Recurrence Equations – Time Space Trade off.

UNIT - II

TREE STRUCTURES

Red-Black trees - Multi-way Search Trees - B Trees and B+ Trees - Splay Trees - Tries -Segment Trees – k-d Trees – Range Trees – Case Study: Application of Trees in Text processing. **HEAP STRUCTURES** 9

UNIT - III

Min/Max heaps – Heaps – Binary Heaps - Leftist Heaps – Binomial Heaps – Fibonacci Heaps - Skew Heaps - Lazy Binomial Heaps - K Array Heaps - Case Study: Heap application in graph algorithms (A* Algorithm).

UNIT -IV

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GEOMETRIC ALGORITHMS

1-Dimensional Range Searching – Line Segment Intersection – Computing the Overlay of Two Subdivisions – Voronoi Diagram- Pattern Printing – Convex Hull using Divide and Conquer – Case Study: Angular Sweep using geometric algorithmic approach.

UNIT -V APPROXIMATION, RANDOMIZED AND ONLINE ALGORITHMS 9 Approximation Algorithms: knapsack problem - Euclidean Travelling Salesperson Problem -Randomized Algorithms: Randomized Quick Sort - Closest Pair Problem & Minimum Spanning Trees – Online Algorithm: Euclidean Spanning Tree – Paging algorithm. – Online

Sorting Algorithm, Case Study: Random Acyclic Maze Generator with given Entry and Exit

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

CO1 Analyze the performance of algorithms.

- CO2 Examine the time and space complexity of algorithms.
- CO3 Design appropriate tree data structures for problem solving.
- CO4 Identify the essential heap data structures for graph algorithms.

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- **CO5** Solve geometric algorithms with advanced trees.
- **CO6** Make use of relevant computation for randomized, approximation and online algorithms.

TEXT BOOKS:

- **1.** Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Susan Anderson-Freed, —Fundamentals of Data Structures in Cll, Second Edition, University Press, 2008. (Unit I, II, III)
- Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, —Introduction to AlgorithmsII, MIT Press, Fourth Edition, 2022. (Unit IV, V)
- **3.** Mark de Berg, Otfried Cheong, Marc van Kreveld, Mark Overmars, —Computational Geometry Algorithms and ApplicationsII, Third Edition, Springer, 2008. (Unit IV, V)

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Gilles Brassard, Paul Bratley, —Algorithmics: Theory and Practicell, Prentice Hall, 1988.
- 2. R.C.T Lee, S.S Tseng, R.C Chang and Y.T Tsai, —Introduction to the Design and Analysis of AlgorithmsII, Tata McGraw-Hill Edition, 2012.
- 3. J Kleinberg and E Tardos, —Algorithm Design, Addison-Wesley, 2005.

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/advanced_data_structures/index.asp
- 2. https://visualgo.net/en
- 3. http://cse01-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/
- 4. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/advanced-data-structures/

ONLINE COURSES / RESOURCES

- 1. https://www.udemy.com/course/advanced-algorithms-python
- 2. https://www.udemy.com/course/data-structures-and-algorithms-in-c-2/
- 3. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs21/preview
- 4. https://www.udacity.com/course/data-structures-and-algorithms
- 5. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/6-851-advanced-data-structures-spring-2012/

СО	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3	3		2	3	3	2
CO2	3	2	3	3		2	3	3	
CO3	2	2	3	2		2	3	3	2
CO4	2	2	3	3		2	3	3	2
CO5	2	2	3	3		2	3	3	2
CO6	3	2	3	3		3	3	3	3

25CS2102

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand various design issues and architecture of distributed database systems.
- To explore the designing of distributed database and its integration.
- To know the layers of query processing and concurrency control algorithms of distributed database.
- To learn the Big Data Use cases from business perspective.
- To acquire knowledge on components of Hadoop and streaming.

UNIT - I

DISTRIBUTED DATA PROCESSING

12

Distributed Database System – Design Issues of Distributed Database – Distributed DBMS Architecture – ANSI / SPARC Architecture – Centralized DBMS Architecture – Top-Down Design Process – Fragmentation – Allocation – Database Integration – Bottom-Up Design Methodology – Schema Matching – Schema Integration – Case Study: No SQL Database, MongoDB Data Model, MongoDB Distributed Systems.

UNIT - IIDISTRIBUTED QUERY AND CONCURRENCY CONTROL12Query Processing – Objectives — Characterization of Query Processors – Layers of QueryProcessing – Query Decomposition – Localization of Distributed Data – Properties andTypes of Transaction – Serializability Theory – Taxonomy of Concurrency ControlMechanism – Locking-BasedConcurrency ControlMechanism – Locking-BasedConcurrency ControlAlgorithms – Timestamp-BasedConcurrency ControlAlgorithm – CaseStudy: Complexity of Relational

- UNIT IIIPARALLEL DATABASE SYSTEMS12Parallel Database System Architectures Objectives Functional Architecture ParallelDBMS Architectures Parallel Data Placement Parallel Query Processing LoadBalancing Database Clusters Case Study: Parallel Execution Problems Intra-Operator,Inter-Operator and Intra- Query Balancing.
- UNIT -IVBIG DATA FROM BUSINESS PERSPECTIVE12Characteristics of Big Data Data in Warehouse, Hadoop Importance of Big Data IBMfor Big Data History of Big Data Innovation Case Study: Big Data Use Cases Patternsfor Big Data Deployment IT Log Analytics Fraud Detection Pattern Social MediaPattern Big Data and the Energy Sector.
- UNIT -VBIG DATA FROM TECHNOLOGY PERSPECTIVE12Big Data Lingo History of Hadoop Common Components of Hadoop HadoopDistributed File System Basics of MapReduce Application Development in Hadoop –
Hadoop Streaming Zookeeper, HBase, Oozie, Lucene, Avro Hadoop Components Case
Study: Info Sphere Big Data Storage and Streams, Advanced Text Analytics Toolkit.12

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1** Understand the design issues and architecture of Distributed Database.
- **CO2** Design the distributed database with appropriate schema and Integration.
- **CO3** Identify the operations and concurrency control algorithms of distributed query processing.

- **CO4** Analyze the load balancing of parallel database systems.
- **CO5** Examine the characteristics and patterns of big data from business perspective.
- **CO6** Explore the Hadoop components and file systems from technology perspective.

TEXT BOOKS :

- 1. M.T. Ozsu and P. Valduriez, Principles of Distributed Database Systems, Second Edition, Prentice-Hall,1999. (Unit I, II, III)
- 2. Ceri and Pelagatti, Distributed Database Principles and Systems, McGraw Hill Education, 2017. (Unit I, II)
- 3. Chris Eaton, Dirk DeRoos, Tom Deutsch, George Lapis, Paul Zikopoulos, Understanding Big Data: Analytics for Enterprise Class Hadoop and Streaming Data, McGrawHill Publishing, 2012. (Unit IV, V)

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. D. Bell and J. Grimson, —Distributed Database Systems, Addison-Wesley, 1992.
- 2. George Coulouris, Jean Dollimore, and Tim Kindberg, —Distributed Systems Concepts and Design, 5th ed., Pearson Education, 2011.
- 3. Tom White, —Hadoop: The Definitive Guide, Third Edition, O'reilly Media, 2012.
- 4. Shannon Bradshaw, Eoin Brazil, Kristina Chodorow, —MongoDB: The Definitive Guide, O'Reilly Media, 3rd Edition, 2019.

WEB REFERENCES :

- 1. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/distributed_dbms/index.htm
- 2. https://www.javatpoint.com/distributed-database-system-in-dbms
- 3. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/distributed-database-system/
- 4. https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/computer-science/distributed-databasesystems
- 5. https://www.wiley.com/en-us/Professional+NoSQL-p-9780470942246

ONLINE COURSES / RESOURCES:

- 1. https://www.coursera.org/learn/foundations-of-distributed-database-systems
- 2. https://edu.alibabacloud.com/certification/clouder drds
- 3. https://www.my-mooc.com/en/mooc/distributed-database-systems/
- 4. https://www.classcentral.com/course/coursera-foundations-of-distributed-databasesystems-397898

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3	2		2	3	2	2
CO2	2	2	3	2		2	3	3	2
CO3	2	2	3	3		2	3	3	2
CO4	2	2	3	3		2	3	3	2
CO5	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	3
CO6	2	2	3	3		3	3	3	3

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3	0	0	3

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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OBJECTIVE :

- To understand the interconnection for high performance computing, protocols and techniques used for enhancing data delivery.
- To explore the system interaction and components of Software Defined Networks.
- To comprehend the Wireless Links and Network Characteristics of mobile networks.
- To learn about principles of Wireless Sensor Networks.
- To apply Caching Techniques for streaming video and media data.

UNIT - I

COMPUTER NETWORKS AND INTERNET

Internet – Network Edge and Core – Delay, Loss, and Throughput – Protocol Layers – Principles of Network Applications – Web and HTTP – Electronic Mail in the Internet – DNS –The Internet's Directory Service – Peer-to-Peer Applications – Socket Programming — Case Study: Socket Programming with UDP and TCP.

UNIT - II SOFTWARE DEFINED NETWORKS 9

Routing Algorithms – Intra-AS Routing in the Internet: OSPF – Routing Among the ISPs: BGP – The SDN Control Plane – SDN Controller and SDN Control Applications – OpenFlow Protocol – SDN: Past and Future – Case Study: An Example for Data and Control Plane Interaction in SDN.

UNIT - III WIRELESS AND MOBILE NETWORKS

Wireless Links and Network Characteristics – Wireless LANs: 802.11 Architecture, MAC protocol, Frame, Bluetooth – Cellular Networks: 4G and 5G –4G LTE Cellular Networks – Mobility Management: Principles – Case Study: Mobility Management in 4G/5G Networks.

UNIT -IV SENSOR NETWORKS

Sensor network architecture – Hardware components of Single-node architecture – Energy consumption of sensor nodes – Execution environments of WSN – Sensor network scenarios – Optimization goals and figures of merit — Design principle of WSN – Case Study: Mica Mote, EYES nodes, BTnodes, Scatterweb sensor nodes.

UNIT -V CONTENT DISTRIBUTION NETWORKS

Content Delivery over the Internet World Wide Web – Evolution of CDN in Content Networking – Content Transport – Protocol Architecture and Design Paradigms of the Internet – Hypertext Transport Protocol — HTTP, Multicast Transport – Caching Techniques for Web Content – Caching Techniques for Streaming Media – Internet Video – HTTP Streaming and DASH – Case Study: Netflix and YouTube, RTSP/RTP Client and Server modules of CDN Streaming Cache.

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- CO1 Analyze the performance of Delay, Loss, and Throughput of packet and circuit switching networks.
- CO2 Design the Socket Programming with UDP and TCP.
- CO3 Examine the Data and Control Plane Interaction of Software Defined Networks.
- CO4 Understand the appropriate links and Mobility Management in Cellular Networks.
- CO5 Identify the essential design principles and optimization goals of Wireless Sensor Networks.
- CO6 Make use of Content Distribution Networks for streaming video data.

TEXTBOOKS:

- 1. James F. Kurose, Keith W. Ross, —Computer Networking, Eighth Edition,
- Pearson, 2021.(Unit I, II, III, V) Holger Karl, Andreas Willig, —Protocol and Architectures for Wireless Sensor 2. Networks, Wiley, 2005. (Unit IV)
- 3. M. Hofmann, L. R. Beaumont, - Content Networking Architecture, Protocols, and Practice, Morgan Kaufmann, 2005. (Unit V)

REFERENCE BOOKS :

- 1. William Stallings — Foundations of Modern Networking: SDN, NFV, QoE, IoT, and Cloud 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2016.
- Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Skold, 4G: LTE/LTE-Advanced for Mobile 2. Broadband, Academic Press, 2013.
- Thomas D.Nadeau and Ken Gray, SDN Software Defined Networks, O"Reilly 3. Publishers, 2013.

WEB REFERENCES:

- https://www.tutorialspoint.com/what-is-advanced-peer-to-peer-networking-appn 1.
- 2. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/basics-computer-networking/
- 3. https://solveforce.com/21-1-1-introduction-to-advanced-networking-technologies/

ONLINE COURSES / RESOURCES:

- https://aws.amazon.com/training/learn-about/advanced-networking/ 1.
- 2. https://www.internetsociety.org/learning/advanced-network-operations/
- 3. https://www.edynamiclearning.com/course/advanced-networking-1a-introduction/

СО	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	2	3	2		1	3	2	2
CO2	1	2	3	1		2	3	2	3
CO3	3	2	2	3		2	3	3	2
CO4	2	1	3	3		1	2	2	2
CO5	3	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	2
CO6	2	2	3	2		3	3	3	3

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To impart knowledge and skills required for formulate research problem
- To identify different types of research design and data collection
- To know technical paper writing / presentation without violating professional ethics
- To understand Patent drafting and filing patents.

UNIT - I **RESEARCH PROBLEM FORMULATION** 9

Objectives of research, types of research, research process, approaches to research; conducting literature review- information sources, information retrieval, tools for identifying literature, Indexing, and abstracting services, Citation indexes, summarizing the review, critical review, identifying research gap, conceptualizing, and hypothesizing the research gap.

UNIT - II **RESEARCH DESIGN AND DATA COLLECTION**

Statistical design of experiments- types and principles; data types & classification; data collection - methods and tools.

DATA ANALYSIS, INTERPRETATION AND REPORTING UNIT - III 9 Sampling, sampling error, measures of central tendency and variation, test of hypothesisconcepts; data presentation- types of tables and illustrations; guidelines for writing the abstract, introduction, methodology, results and discussion, conclusion sections of a manuscript; guidelines for writing thesis, research proposal; References - Styles and methods, Citation and listing system of documents; plagiarism, ethical considerations in research

UNIT-IV INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS 6+3 Concept of IPR, types of IPR – Patent, Designs, Trademarks and Trade secrets, Geographical indications, Copy rights, applicability of these IPR, IPR & biodiversity; IPR development process, role of WIPO and WTO in IPR establishments, common rules of IPR practices, types and features of IPR agreement, functions of UNESCO in IPR maintenance.

UNIT-V

Patents - objectives and benefits of patent, concept, features of patent, inventive steps,

PATENTS

specifications, types of patent application; patenting process - patent filling, examination of patent, grant of patent, revocation; equitable assignments; Licenses, licensing of patents; patent agents, registration of patent agents.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- Describe different types of research; identify, review, and define the research CO1 problem
- CO2 Select suitable design of experiments; describe types of data and the tools for collection of data
- CO3 Explain the process of data analysis; interpret and present the result in suitable form
- CO4 Explain about Intellectual property rights, types, and procedures.

6+3

9

CO5 Execute patent filing and licensing.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Cooper Donald R, Schindler Pamela S and Sharma JK, "Business Research Methods", Tata McGraw Hill Education, 11e (2012).
- 2. Soumitro Banerjee, "Research methodology for natural sciences", IISc Press, Kolkata, 2022.
- 3. Catherine J. Holland, "Intellectual property: Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights, Trade Secrets", Entrepreneur Press, 2007.
- 4. David Hunt, Long Nguyen, Matthew Rodgers, "Patent searching: tools & techniques", Wiley, 2007.
- 5. The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, Statutory body under an Act of parliament, "Professional Programme Intellectual Property Rights, Law and practice", September 2013

WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. https://www.wipo.int/patents/en/
- 2. https://ipindia.gov.in/patents.htm

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	2	2	3	2	0	1	3	2	2	
CO2	1	2	3	1		2	3	2	3	
CO3	3	2	2	3		2	3	3	2	
CO4	2	1	3	3		1	2	2	2	
CO5	3	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	
CO6	2	2	3	2		3	3	3	3	

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand various data structures design strategies and complexity analysis techniques.
- To explore the different tree data structures and its implementation.
- To comprehend the application of graph algorithm using heap data structures.
- To learn about creation of patterns using geometric algorithms.
- To apply data structures for solving spanning tree, shortest path problems.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

Implement the following programs using C/ Python/Java:

- 1. Iterative and recursive algorithms and its complexity analysis.
- 2. Binary search tree, Red-Black tree and AVL Tree
- 3. Basic Heap operation
- 4. Algorithm for converting a min heap to a max heap
- 5. Rearrange characters in a String such that no two adjacent characters are same using Binary Max Heap
- 6. Pattern printing in Geometric Algorithm approach
- 7. Line segment Intersection using Geometric Algorithm Approach
- 8. Reflection of a point about a line using Geometric Algorithm Appraoch
- 9. Merge sort algorithm analysis using divide and conquer approach.
- 10. Quick sort algorithm using randomized algorithmic approach.
- 11. Generate CAPTCHA and verify user using randomized algorithmic approach
- 12. Strong Password Suggester using randomized algorithmic approach
- 13. A spanning tree for a given graph using Prim's algorithm.
- 14. Shortest path of a given graph using Dijkstra's algorithm and Bellman Ford algorithm.
- 15. Sorting using online algorithm approach
- 16. Mini Project

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1** Implement the iterative and recursive algorithms.
- **CO2** Analyze the time and space complexity of algorithms.
- **CO3** Design appropriate tree data structures to carry out the basic operations
- **CO4** Perform string operations with heap data structures.
- CO5 Apply geometric, randomized, and online algorithms for specific problems
- **CO6** Make use of relevant algorithms to address spanning tree, shortest path problems

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Susan Anderson-Freed, —Fundamentals of Data Structures in Cll, Second Edition, University Press, 2008. (Unit I, II, III)
- 2. Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, —Introduction to AlgorithmsII, MIT Press, Fourth Edition, 2022. (Unit IV, V)

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Lipschutz Seymour, —Data Structures Schaum's Outlines Seriesll, Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition, 2014.
- 2. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D. Ullman, —Data Structures and Algorithmsll, Pearson Education, Reprint 2006.

WEB REFERENCES :

- 1. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/advanced_data_structures/index.asp
- 2. https://visualgo.net/en
- 3. http://cse01-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/
- 4. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/advanced-data-structures/

ONLINE COURSES / RESOURCES

- 1. https://www.udemy.com/course/advanced-algorithms-python
- 2. https://www.udemy.com/course/data-structures-and-algorithms-in-c-2/
- 3. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_cs21/preview
- 4. https://www.udacity.com/course/data-structures-and-algorithms
- 5. https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/6-851-advanced-data-structures-spring-2012/

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3	3 END	JRANCE CV	2	3	3	2
CO2	3	2	3	300	CATION	2	3	3	
CO3	2	2	3	2	25	2	3	3	2
CO4	2	2	3	3	5	2	3	3	2
CO5	2	2	3	3		2	3	3	2
CO6	3	2	3	3		3	3	3	3

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To acquire the installation procedure of networking simulators.
- To explore the configuration of various LAN topologies.
- To learn about installation of wireless network simulator.
- To install the Wireless Mobile Ad-Hoc Network Environment.
- To understand the Implementation of Software Defined Network.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Installation of NS2 and NS3 and Execution of Basic TCL Commands and Scripts.
- 2. Implement LAN topologies (Ring, Mesh, Star) and analyze the performance.

3. Implement Point to Point network using duplex links between the nodes. Analyze the packet transfer by varying the queue size and bandwidth using NS2 simulator.

4. Implement the Wireless network simulator in NS2.

5. Implement IEEE 802.11 using MAC layer, evaluate the performance and observe the scenario.

6. Implement the Handoff mechanism in WiFi using ns2 simulation and analyze the performance.

- 7. Create a Wireless Mobile adhoc Network Environment and implement the MANET
- 8. Routing Protocol using NS3 Simulator.
- 9. Implement the efficient routing protocols for Vehicular Ad-hoc network and analyze the performance.
 - 10. Implementation of Software Defined Network using Mininet and OpenFlow controllers.
 - 11. Installation of NetSimulyzer (3D Virtualization tool) Software in Ubuntu and NS3.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1** Implement the installation of networking simulators along with the components.
- **CO2** Analyze the performance of nodes by varying the parameters for networking topologies.
- **CO3** Perform wireless network infrastructure deployment to perform Handoff mechanism.
- CO4 Design routing protocols for Vehicular Ad-hoc network.
- **CO5** Apply Mininet and OpenFlow controllers to simulate Software Defined Network.
- **CO6** Make use of 3D Virtualization software tools to deploy in networking simulator.

TEXT BOOKS :

- 1. James Bernstein, Networking Made Easy: Get Yourself Connected: 3, 2018.
- 2. James F. Kurose, Keith W. Ross, —Computer Networking, Eighth Edition, Pearson, 2021. (Unit I, II, III, V)
- 3. Holger Karl, Andreas Willig, —Protocol and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Networks, Wiley, 2005. (Unit IV)
- 4. M. Hofmann, L. R. Beaumont, Content Networking Architecture, Protocols, and Practice.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. William Stallings —Foundations of Modern Networking: SDN, NFV, QoE, IoT, and Cloud, 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2016.
- 2. Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Skold, 4G: LTE/LTE-Advanced for Mobile Broadband, Academic Press, 2013.
- 3. Thomas D.Nadeau and Ken Gray, SDN Software Defined Networks, O"Reilly Publishers, 2013.
- **ONLINE COURSES / RESOURCES:**
- 1. https://onl.kmi.open.ac.uk/
- 2. https://fitech.io/en/studies/networking-laboratory-i/
- 3. https://www.udemy.com/course/network-for-beginners-with-lab/
- 4. https://www.netdevgroup.com/online/courses
- 5. https://www.avixa.org/training-section/networking-technology

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	2	3	2		1	3	2	2
CO2	1	2	3	1 END	URANCE C	2	3	2	3
CO3	3	2	2	3DU	CATION	2	3	3	2
CO4	2	1	3	3	25	1	2	2	2
CO5	3	1	3	2	3	2	3	2	2
CO6	2	2	3	2		3	3	3	3

SEMESTER II

25CS2201

ADVANCED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand Software Engineering Lifecycle Models
- To do project management and cost estimation
- To gain knowledge of the System Analysis and Design concepts.
- To understand software testing approaches.
- To be familiar with DevOps practices.

UNIT - I

INTRODUCTION

Software engineering concepts – Development activities – Software lifecycle models -Classical waterfall - Iterative waterfall – Prototyping – Evolutionary - Spiral – Software project management – Project planning – Estimation – Scheduling – Risk management – Software configuration management. Introduction to software Reliability.

UNIT - IISOFTWARE REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATION9Requirement analysis and specification – Requirements gathering and analysis – SoftwareRequirement Specification – Formal system specification – Finite State Machines – Petrinets– Object modeling using UML – Use case Model – Class diagrams – Interaction diagrams –Activity diagrams – State chart diagrams – Functional modeling – Data Flow Diagram.

UNIT - III

ARCHITECTURE AND DESIGN

Software design – Design process – Design concepts – Coupling – Cohesion – Functional independence – Design patterns – Model-view-controller – Publish-subscribe – Adapter – Command – Strategy – Observer – Proxy – Facade – Architectural styles – Layered - Client-server - Tiered - Pipe and filter- User interface design.

UNIT -IV

TESTING

Testing – UNIT testing – Black box testing– White box testing – Integration and System testing– Regression testing – Debugging - Program analysis – Symbolic execution – Model Checking.

UNIT -V

DEVOPS

DevOps: Motivation-Cloud as a platform-Operations- Deployment Pipeline: Overall Architecture - Building and Testing-Deployment- Case study: Migrating to Microservices.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- CO1 Understand the advantages of various Software Development Lifecycle
- **CO2** Gain knowledge on project management approaches as well as cost and schedule estimation strategies.
- **CO3** Perform formal analysis on specifications.
- **CO4** Use UML diagrams for analysis and design Architect and design using architectural styles and design patterns.
- **CO5** Understand software testing approaches Understand the advantages of DevOps practices.

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CO6 Understand the importance of having a good Software Architecture.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Bernd Bruegge, Alan H Dutoit, Object-Oriented Software Engineering, 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
- 2. Carlo Ghezzi, Mehdi Jazayeri, Dino Mandrioli, Fundamentals of Software Engineering, 2 nd edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2010.
- 3. CraigLarman, Applying UML and Patterns, 3rd ed, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 4. Len Bass, Ingo Weber and Liming Zhu, DevOps: A Software Architect_s Perspectivell, Pearson Education, 2016.
- 5. Rajib Mall, Fundamentals of Software Engineering, 3rd edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2009.
- 6. StephenSchach, Software Engineering 7th ed, McGraw-Hill, 2007.
- 7. John D. Musa, Anthony Iannino and KazuhiraOkumoto, —Software Reliability, Measurement, Prediction, Application, Series in Software Engineering and Technologyll, McGraw Hill, 1987

P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand the computational approaches to Modeling, Feature Extraction.
- To understand the need and application of Map Reduce.
- To understand the various search algorithms applicable to Big Data.
- To analyze and interpret streaming data.
- To learn how to handle large data sets in main memory and learn the various clustering techniques applicable to Big Data.

UNIT - I DATA MINING AND LARGE-SCALE FILES 9 + 6

Introduction to Statistical modeling – Computational approaches to modeling – Summarization – Feature Extraction – Statistical Limits on Data Mining - Distributed File Systems – Mapreduce – Algorithms using Map Reduce – Efficiency of Cluster Computing Techniques.

UNIT - II	SIMILAR ITEMS	9 + 6
Nearest Neighbor Search	h – Shingling of Documents – Similarity	preserving summaries -
Locality sensitive hashing	g for documents – Distance Measures – Tl	heory of Locality Sensitive
Functions – LSH Families	a – Methods for High Degree of Similarities	
UNIT - III 📃 🚨	MINING DATA STREAMS	9 + 6

Stream Data Model – Sampling Data in the Stream – Filtering Streams – Counting Distance Elements in a Stream – Estimating Moments – Counting Ones in Window – Decaying Windows.

UNIT -IV LINK ANALYSIS AND FREQUENT ITEMSETS 9 + 6

Page Rank –Efficient Computation - Topic Sensitive Page Rank – Link Spam – Market Basket Model – A-priori algorithm – Handling Larger Datasets in Main Memory – Limited Pass Algorithm – Counting Frequent Item sets.

UNIT -V

CLUSTERING

Introduction to Clustering Techniques – Hierarchical Clustering –Algorithms – K-Means – CURE – Clustering in Non – Euclidean Spaces – Streams and Parallelism – Case Study: Advertising on the Web – Recommendation Systems.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Write a program to extract key features from a given dataset using Python.2. Apriori Algorithm.
- 2. Implement a simple word count program using MapReduce in Hadoop or Apache Spark.
- 3. Compute the Jaccard similarity between two text documents using shingling.
- 4. Implement reservoir sampling on a streaming dataset to select a random subset.
- 5. Write a program to compute PageRank for a small web graph.
- 6. Implement the Apriori algorithm for mining frequent itemsets from a transactional dataset.
- 7. K-Means Clustering: Perform K-Means clustering on a dataset and visualize the results.

TOTAL: 45+30=75 PERIODS

9 + 6

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1** Design algorithms by employing Map Reduce technique for solving real time problems.
- **CO2** Design algorithms for Big Data by deciding on the apt Features set.
- CO3 Design algorithms for handling petabytes of datasets
- **CO4** Design algorithms and propose solutions for Big Data by optimizing main memory consumption
- **CO5** Design solutions for problems in Big Data by suggesting appropriate clustering techniques.
- **CO6** Apply clustering algorithms and analyze large dataset.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Introduction to Data Mining and Analytics with Machine Learning in R and Python By Kris Jamsa · 2020, Jones & Bartlett Learning, LLC
- 2. Jure Leskovec, AnandRajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, "Mining of Massive Datasets", Cambridge University Press, 3rd Edition, 2020.
- 3. Jiawei Han, MichelineKamber, Jian Pei, "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Morgan Kaufman Publications, Third Edition, 2012.
- 4. Ian H.Witten, Eibe Frank "Data Mining Practical Machine Learning Tools and Techniques", Morgan Kaufman Publications, Third Edition, 2011.
- 5. David Hand, HeikkiMannila and Padhraic Smyth, "Principles of Data Mining", MIT PRESS, 2001

ONLINE COURSES / RESOURCES:

- 1. https://swayam.gov.in/nd2_arp19_ap60/preview 2.
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/nptel_data3/html/mhrd/ict/text/106104189/lec1.pdf
- 3. https://examupdates.in/big-data-analytics/
- 4. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/big_data_analytics/index.htm
- 5. 3. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/data_mining/index.htm

со	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1				2	1	3	2	1	3
CO2				2	1	2	2	3	2
CO3				2		3	1	2	3
CO4	1		2	2		3	2	2	3
CO5	2		2	2		3	2	3	2
CO6	2		2	2		3	1	2	3

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To grasp the fundamental concepts of Machine Learning.
- To understand supervised learning and their applications.
- To appreciate the concepts and algorithms of unsupervised learning
- To study applications of machine learning in real world domains
- To aware about how to use machine learning techniques for various issues in the real world
- To understand how deep learning techniques different from Machine Learning techniques

UNIT - I

INTRODUCTION

Machine learning -Examples of Machine Learning Applications-Learning Associations-Classification-Regression-Unsupervised Learning-Reinforcement Learning-Supervised learning: Learning a class from Examples-Regression-Model Selection and Generalization.

Case Study: Familiarity with R tool and Python programming language and libraries.

UNIT - II CONCEPT LEARNING AND DECISION-TREE LEARNING 9 Concept Learning - Concept learning Task - Concept Learning as search -Finding a maximally specific hypothesis – Version Spaces and Candidate elimination Algorithm -Inductive Bias Decision Tree Learning - Decision Tree representation -Problems for Decision Tree Learning -Hypothesis Search space – Inductive Bias in Decision Tree Learning - Issues in Decision Tree Learning.

Case Study: Implementation of decision tree algorithm for problems in Retail Domain.

UNIT - III MULTILAYER PERCEPTRONS

The Perceptron-Training a Perceptron-Learning Boolean Functions-Multilayer Perceptron's-MLP as Universal Approximator Back Propagation Algorithm.

Case Study: Implementation of Back propagation algorithm for problems in financial domain.

UNIT -IV

REINFORCEMENT LEARNING

Introduction - learning task - Q learning - The Q function - Algorithm for Q learning - convergence - experimentation strategies -updating sequence -Non deterministic rewards and actions -Temporal difference learning -Generalizing from examples -relationship to dynamic programming.

Case Study: Implementation of Q learning algorithm/reinforcement learning for problems in automotive domain/games.

UNIT -V DEEP LEARNING TECHNIQUES

Fundamentals about Deep Learning., How deep learning techniques different from Machine Learning techniques. RCNN, Fast R-CNN, Faster R-CNN, Mask-RCNN, YOLO. **Case Study**: Implementation of CNN for detection and recognition.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

CO1 Acquire Knowledge in various learning techniques like decision tree, Analytical, Inductive and Reinforced learning.

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- **CO2** Identify and apply the appropriate machine learning techniques for classification, Pattern recognition, optimization, and decision problems.
- **CO3** Development of techniques in information science applications by applying Computational intelligence and appropriate machine learning techniques.
- **CO4** Design a learning model appropriate to the application.
- **CO5** Identify applications suitable for different types of Machine Learning with suitable justification
- **CO6** Acquire Knowledge in various learning techniques in deep Learning.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Deep Learning A Practitioner's Approach Josh Patterson and Adam Gibson O'Reilly Media, Inc.2017.
- 2. Ethem Alpaydin, "Introduction to Machine Learning", The MIT Press, September 2014, ISBN 978-0-262-02818-9.(Units1,3(Multilayer Perceptrons) & 4)
- 3. Mitchell, Tom, "Machine Learning", New York, McGraw-Hill, First Edition, 2003.(Units 2,5)
- 4. Ian GoodFellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville ,"Deep Learning", MIT Press Book (Unit 3 - Convolutional Networks), Nov. 2016
- 5. Stephen Marshland, "Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective", Chapman & Hall/CRC 2009.
- 6. Mehryar Mohri, Afshin Rostamizadeh, Ameet Talwalkar, "Foundations of Machine Learning", MIT Press (MA) 2012.

ONLINE COURSES / RESOURCE

1. https://www.udemy.com/topic/machine-learning/

со	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	
CO1	2	2	1	3	1	1	2	3		
CO2			1	2	1	2	2	3	1	
CO3	2	1	2	1			3	3		
CO4	2	2				2	2	2		
CO5	2		1	1			2	3		
C06	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	2		

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COURSE OBJECTIVE :

- To apply the concepts of Machine Learning to solve real-world problems
- To implement algorithms emphasizing the use of bagging & boosting in classification & Regression
- To learn fundamental and advanced neural network algorithms for solving real world problems
- To implement algorithms related to dimensionality reduction
- To implement clustering algorithm for clustering real-time dataset

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

- 1. Basic exercises on Python Machine Learning Packages such as Numpy, Pandas and matplotlib.
- 2. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm. Use an appropriate data set for building the decision tree and apply this knowledge to classify a new sample.
- 3. Write a program to implement the naïve Bayesian classifier for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets
- 4. Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.
- 5. Write a program to implement perceptron for different learning task
- 6. Write a program to implement K means clustering algorithm. Select your own dataset to test the program. Demonstrate the nature of output with varying value of K
- 7. Implement back propagation algorithm for stock prices prediction
- 8. Given a dataset for classification task. Write a program to implement Support Vector Machine and estimate it test performance.
- 9. Develop a traffic signal control system using reinforcement learning techniques
- 10. Dimensionality Reduction Algorithms in Image Processing applications

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1** Learn to use R tool and python for implementing machine learning algorithms related to numeric data
- **CO2** Apply various classification techniques for problems using tools like R and Python.
- **CO3** Implement solutions for various prediction problems using tools.
- **CO4** Use fundamental and advanced neural network algorithms for solving real-world problems.
- **CO5** Use dimensionality reduction algorithms for image processing applications.
- **CO6** Design and development of game and traffic control systems using reinforcement learning.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1		1	1		2	2	3	1
CO2	2	2	2	2			2	3	
CO3	2	1	1	2			2	3	
CO4	1	1		1			3	3	
CO5	1	1	2		1	2	2	2	2
CO6			3	INE	RING	2	3	3	



25CS2311 INDUSTRY ORIENTATION AND TECHNICAL SEMINAR

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In this course, students will approach the industry and undergo training for a period of minimum four weeks and present a report. They will also develop their scientific and technical reading and writing skills that they need to understand and construct research articles individually. A research paper requires a student to obtain information from a variety of sources (i.e., Journals, dictionaries, reference books) and then place it in logically developed ideas. The work involves the following steps:

- 1. Selecting a subject, narrowing the subject into a topic
- 2. Stating an objective.
- 3. Collecting the relevant bibliography (atleast 15 journal papers)
- 4. Preparing a working outline.
- 5. Studying the papers and understanding the authors contributions and critically analyzing each paper.
- 6. Preparing a working outline
- 7. Linking the papers and preparing a draft of the paper.
- 8. Preparing conclusions based on the reading of all the papers.
- 9. Writing the Final Paper and giving final Presentation
- 10. Publish their work in standard journals / conferences.

Based on the above, students will explore and perform critical analysis from various resources in the research domains and publish their work in standard journals / conferences

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT ONLY

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

AUDIT COURSES - I

25AC2101	ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING	L	Т	Ρ	С
25462101	ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING			0	0

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Teach how to improve writing skills and level of readability
- Tell about what to write in each section
- Summarize the skills needed when writing a Title
- Infer the skills needed when writing the Conclusion
- Ensure the quality of paper at very first-time submission

UNIT - I INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH PAPER WRITING

Planning and Preparation, Word Order, breaking up long sentences, Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vaqueness.

UNIT - II

PRESENTATION SKILLS

Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Sections of a Paper, Abstracts, Introduction.

TITLE WRITING SKILLS UNIT - III 6

Key skills are needed when writing a Title, key skills are needed when writing an Abstract, key skills are needed when writing an Introduction, skills needed when writing a Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, The Final Check

UNIT-IV

RESULT WRITING SKILLS

Skills are needed when writing the Methods, skills needed when writing the Results, skills are needed when writing the Discussion, skills are needed when writing the Conclusions. UNIT-V **VERIFICATION SKILLS**

Useful phrases, checking Plagiarism, how to ensure paper is as good as it could possibly be the first- time submission.

COUSRE OUTCOME

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- CO1 Understand that how to improve your writing skills and level of readability.
- CO2 Learn about what to write in each section.
- CO3 Understand the skills needed when writing a Title.
- CO4 Understand the skills needed when writing the Conclusion.
- CO5 Ensure the good quality of paper at very first-time submission.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Adrian Wallwork, English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011
- 2. Day R How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press 2006.
- Goldbort R Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books) 5. 2006.
- Highman N, Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. 6. Highman's book1998

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TOTAL: 30 PERIODS
25AC2102

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To summarize basics of disaster.
- To explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
- To illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
- To describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
- To develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches.

UNIT - I

INTRODUCTION

Disaster: Definition, Factors and Significance; Difference between Hazard and Disaster; Natural and Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types and Magnitude.

UNIT - IIREPERCUSSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZARDS6Economic Damage, Loss of Human and Animal Life, Destruction of Ecosystem. NaturalDisasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts and Famines,Landslides and Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial

Accidents, Oil Slicks and Spills Outbreaks Of Disease And Epidemics, War And Conflicts.

UNIT - III DISASTER PRONE AREAS IN INDIA 6

Study of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone to Floods and Droughts, Landslides and Avalanches; Areas Prone to Cyclonic and Coastal Hazards with Special Reference To Tsunami; Post-Disaster Diseases and Epidemics.

UNIT -IV DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGEMENT 6 Preparedness: Monitoring Of Phenomena Triggering a Disaster or Hazard; Evaluation of Risk: Application of Remote Sensing, Data from Meteorological and Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental and Community Preparedness.

UNIT -V

RISK ASSESSMENT

Disaster Risk: Concept and Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global and National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation in Risk Assessment and Warning, People 's Participation in Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1** Ability to summarize basics of disaster.
- **CO2** Ability to explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
- **CO3** Ability to illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
- **CO4** Ability to describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations
- **CO5** Ability to develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches.

- 1. Goel S. L., Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studiesll, Deep& Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
- 2. Nishitha Rai, Singh AK, —Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies 'New Royal book Company, 2007.
- 3. Sahni, Pardeep Et.Al. , I Disaster Mitigation Experiences and ReflectionsII, Prentice Hall Of India, New Delhi, 2001.



25AC2103

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Illustrate the basic sanskrit language.
- Recognize sanskrit, the scientific language in the world
- Appraise learning of sanskrit to improve brain functioning.
- Relate sanskrit to develop the logic in mathematics, science & other subjects enhancing the memory power.
- Extract huge knowledge from ancient literature.

UNIT - I	ALPHABETS	6
Alphabets in Sanskrit		
UNIT - II	TENSES AND SENTENCES	6
Past/Present/Future T	ense - Simple Sentences	
UNIT - III	ORDER AND ROOTS	6
Order - Introduction of	froots	
UNIT -IV	SANSKRIT LITERATURE	6
Technical information	about Sanskrit Literature	
UNIT -V	TECHNICAL CONCEPTS OF ENGINEERING	6
Technical concepts of	Engineering-Electrical, Mechanical, Architecture, Mathema	atics.
	ENDURANCE TOTAL: 3	0 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- CO1 Understanding basic Sanskrit language.
- **CO2** Write sentences.
- **CO3** Know the order and roots of Sanskrit.
- **CO4** Know about technical information about Sanskrit literature.
- **CO5** Understand the technical concepts of Engineering

- 1. Abhyaspustakaml Dr.Vishwas, Samskrita-Bharti Publication, New Delhi
- 2. Teach Yourself Sanskritl Prathama Deeksha-VempatiKutumbshastri, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam, New Delhi Publication
- 3. India's Glorious Scientific Tradition Suresh Soni, Ocean books (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2017.

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Understand value of education and self-development
- Imbibe good values in students
- Let they should know about the importance of character

UNIT - I

SELF-DEVELOPMENT

Values and self-development-Social values and individual attitudes. Work ethics, Indian vision of humanism. Moral and non-moral valuation. Standards and principles. Value iudaments.

UNIT - II **IMPORTANCE OF HUMAN VALUES**

Importance of cultivation of values. Sense of duty. Devotion, Self-reliance. Confidence, Concentration. Truthfulness, Cleanliness. Honesty, Humanity. Power of faith, National Unity. Patriotism. Love for nature. Discipline.

UNIT - III **OVERALL PERSONALITY IMPROVEMENT**

Personality and Behaviour Development-Soul and Scientific attitude. Positive Thinking. Integrity and discipline. Punctuality, Love and Kindness. Avoid fault Thinking. Free from anger, Dignity of labour. Universal brother hood and religious tolerance. True friendship.

UNIT-IV BEHAVIOR DEVELOPMENT

Happiness Vs suffering, love for truth. Aware of self-destructive habits. Association and Cooperation. Doing best for saving nature- Character and Competence-Holy books vs Blind faith.

DEVELOPING GOOD HEALTH

UNIT-V

Self-management and Good health. Science of reincarnation. Equality, Nonviolence, Humility, Role of Women. All religions and same message. Mind your Mind, Self-control. Honesty, Studying effectively.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- Knowledge of self-development. CO1
- CO2 Learn the importance of Human values.
- CO3 Developing the overall personality.
- CO4 Developing the Behavior.
- CO5 Developing Good health.

REFERENCE BOOK :

1. Chakroborty, S.K. —Values and Ethics for organizations Theory and practicell, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

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AUDIT COURSES - II

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.
- To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals 'constitutional Role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence nation hood in the early years of Indian nationalism
- To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolutionin1917and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.

UNIT - I HISTORY OF MAKING OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND 6 PHILOSOPHY OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

History, Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working) -Preamble, Salient Features.

UNIT - II CONTOURS OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS AND DUTIES 6

Fundamental Rights, Right to Equality, Right to Freedom, Right against Exploitation, Right to Freedom of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties.

UNIT - III ORGANS OF GOVERNANCE

Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, Executive, President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications, Powers and Functions.

UNIT -IV LOCAL ADMINISTRATION 6

District's Administration head: Role and Importance Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO, Municipal Corporation. Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: Zila Pachayat. Elected officials and their roles, CEO ZilaPachayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments), Village level:Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy.

UNIT -V ELECTION COMMISSION 6

Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners - Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1** Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
- **CO2** Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization

- CO3 Learning of social reforms leading to revolution in India
- **CO4** Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party [CSP] under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution.
- **CO5** Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

- 1. The Constitution of India,1950(Bare Act),Government Publication.
- 2. Dr.S.N.Busi, Dr.B. R.Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.
- 3. M.P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.
- 4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.



25AC2202

PEDAGOGY STUDIES

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Review existing evidence on their view topic to inform program design and policy
- Making under taken by the DfID, other agencies and researchers
- Identify critical evidence gaps to guide the development.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND METHODOLOGY

Aims and rationale, Policy background, Conceptual framework and terminology - Theories of learning, Curriculum, Teacher education - Conceptual framework, Research questions - Overview of methodology and searching.

UNIT II

THEMATIC OVERVIEW

Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries - Curriculum, Teacher education.

UNIT III EVIDENCE ON THE EFFECTIVENESS OF PEDAGOGICAL PRACTICES 6

Methodology for the in-depth stage: quality assessment of included studies - How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy? - Theory of change - Strength and nature of the body of evidence for effective pedagogical practices - Pedagogic theory and pedagogical approaches - Teachers 'attitudes and beliefs and Pedagogic strategies.

UNIT IV PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT Professional development: alignment with classroom practices and follow

Professional development: alignment with classroom practices and follow up support - Peer support - Support from the head teacher and the community - Curriculum and assessment - Barriers to learning: limited resources and large class sizes.

UNIT V

RESEARCH GAPS AND FUTURE DIRECTIONS

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Research design – Contexts – Pedagogy - Teacher education - Curriculum and assessment - Dissemination and research impact.

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1** What pedagogical practices are being used by teachers informal and informal classrooms in developing countries?
- CO2 What is the evidence on the effectiveness of these pedagogical practices?
- CO3 What conditions, and with what population of learners?
- **CO4** How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school
- CO5 Curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy.

- 1. Ackers J, HardmanF (2001) Classroom interaction in Kenyan primary schools, Compare, 31(2): 245-261.
- 2. Agrawal M (2004)Curricular reform in schools: The importance of evaluation, Journal of Curriculum Studies, 36(3):361-379.
- 3. Akyeampong K (2003) Teacher training in Ghana-does it count? Multi-site teacher education research project (MUSTER) country report 1.London:DFID.
- 4. Akyeampong K, Lussier K, Pryor J, Westbrook J (2013) Improving teaching and learning of basic maths and reading in Africa: Does teacher preparation count? International Journal Educational Development, 33(3): 272–282.
- 5. Alexander RJ (2001) Culture and pedagogy: International comparisons in primary education. Oxford and Boston: Blackwell.
- 6. ChavanM (2003) Read India: Amass scale, rapid, _learning to read' campaign.



COURSE OBJECTIVE : • To achieve overall • To overcome stres	health of body and mind. s.	
UNIT I	ASHTANGA	10
Definitions of Eight parts of	f yoga.(Ashtanga)	
	INEERING COL	

UNIT II

YAM AND NIYAM

Yam and Niyam - Do`s and Don't's in life – Ahinsa, satya, astheya, bramhacharya and aparigraha, Ahinsa, satya, astheya, bramhacharya and aparigraha.

UNIT III

ASAN AND PRANAYAM

Asan and Pranayam - Various yog poses and their benefits for mind & body - Regularization of breathing techniques and its effects-Types of pranayam.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

CO1 Develop healthy mind in a healthy body thus improving social health also.

CO2 Improve Efficiency.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Yogic Asanas for Group Tarining-Part-III: Janardan Swami Yoga bhyasi Mandal, Nagpur

2. —Rajayoga or conquering the Internal Naturell by Swami Vivekananda, Advaita Ashrama (Publication Department), Kolkata

25AC2203

STRESS MANAGEMENT BY YOGA

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25AC2204

PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT THROUGH LIFE ENLIGHTENMENT SKILLS

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To learn to achieve the highest goal happily
- To become a person with stable mind, pleasing personality and determination.
- To awaken wisdom in students

UNIT - I 10

Neetisatakam-holistic development of personality - Verses- 19,20,21,22 (wisdom) - Verses- 29,31,32 (pride & heroism) - Verses- 26,28,63,65 (virtue) - Verses- 52,53,59 (dont's) - Verses- 71,73,75,78 (do's)

UNIT - IIAPPROACH TO DAY TO DAY WORK AND DUTIES10Approach to day to day work and duties - Shrimad BhagwadGeeta: Chapter 2-Verses 41,47,48 - Chapter 3-Verses 13, 21, 27, 35 Chapter 6-Verses 5,13,17,23, 35 - Chapter 18-Verses 45, 46, 48.

UNIT - III

STATEMENTS OF BASIC KNOWLEDGE

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Statements of basic knowledge - Shrimad BhagwadGeeta: Chapter2-Verses 56, 62, 68 Chapter 12 - Verses 13, 14, 15, 16,17, 18 - Personality of role model shrimadbhagwadgeeta - Chapter2-Verses 17,Chapter 3-Verses 36,37,42 - Chapter 4-Verses 18, 38,39 Chapter18 – Verses 37,38,63

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1** Study of Shrimad-Bhagwad-Geeta will help the student in developing his personality and achieve the highest goal in life.
- **CO2** The person who has studied Geeta will lead the nation and mankind to peace and prosperity.
- CO3 Study of Neetishatakam will help in developing versatile personality of students

- 1. Gopinath, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam P, Bhartrihari's Three Satakam, Nitisringar- vairagya, New Delhi,2010
- 2. Swami Swarupananda, Srimad Bhagavad Gita, Advaita Ashram, Publication Department, Kolkata, 2016.

OPEN ELECTIVES

250E2001

BUSINESS DATA ANALYTICS

COURSE OBJECTIVE :

- To understand the basics of business analytics and its life cycle.
- To gain knowledge about fundamental business analytics.
- To learn modelling for uncertainty and statistical inference.
- To understand analytics using Hadoop and Map Reduce frameworks.
- To acquire insight on other analytical frameworks

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF BUSINESS ANALYTICS

Introduction – Drivers for Business Analytics – Applications of Business Analytics: Marketing and Sales, Human Resource, Healthcare, Product Design, Service Design, Customer Service and Support– Skills Required for a Business Analyst – Framework for Business Analytics Life Cycle for Business Analytics Process.

UNIT II ESSENTIALS OF BUSINESS ANALYTICS

Descriptive Statistics – Using Data – Types of Data – Data Distribution Metrics: Frequency, Mean, Median, Mode, Range, Variance, Standard Deviation, Percentile, Quartile, z-Score, Covariance, Correlation – Data Visualization: Tables, Charts, Line Charts, Bar and Column Chart, Bubble Chart, Heat Map – Data Dashboards.

UNIT III MODELING UNCERTAINTY AND STATISTICAL INFERENCE

Modelling Uncertainty: Events and Probabilities – Conditional Probability – Random Variables – Discrete Probability Distributions – Continuous Probability Distribution – Statistical Inference: Data Sampling – Selecting a Sample – Point Estimation – Sampling Distributions – Interval Estimation – Hypothesis Testing.

UNIT IV ANALYTICS USING HADOOP AND MAPREDUCE FRAMEWORK

Introducing Hadoop – RDBMS versus Hadoop – Hadoop Overview – HDFS (Hadoop Distributed File System) – Processing Data with Hadoop – Introduction to MapReduce – Features of MapReduce – Algorithms Using Map-Reduce: Matrix-Vector Multiplication, Relational Algebra Operations, Grouping and Aggregation – Extensions to MapReduce.

UNIT V OTHER DATA ANALYTICAL FRAMEWORKS 9

Overview of Application development Languages for Hadoop – PigLatin – Hive – Hive Query Language (HQL) – Introduction to Pentaho, JAQL – Introduction to Apache: Sqoop, Drill and Spark, Cloudera Impala – Introduction to NoSQL Databases – Hbase and MongoDB.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

CO1 Identify the real-world business problems and model with analytical solutions.



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- **CO2** Solve analytical problem with relevant mathematics background knowledge.
- **CO3** Convert any real-world decision-making problem to hypothesis and apply suitable statistical testing
- **CO4** Write and Demonstrate simple applications involving analytics using Hadoop and MapReduce
- **CO5** Use open source frameworks for modelling and storing data.
- CO6 Apply suitable visualization technique using R for visualizing voluminous data.

- 1. VigneshPrajapati, —Big Data Analytics with R and Hadoopll, Packt Publishing, 2013.
- 2. Umesh R Hodeghatta, UmeshaNayak, —Business Analytics Using R A Practical ApproachII, Apress, 2017.
- 3. AnandRajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, —Mining of Massive Datasetsll, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- 4. Jeffrey D. Camm, James J. Cochran, Michael J. Fry, Jeffrey W. Ohlmann, David R. Anderson,
- 5. Essentials of Business Analyticsll, Cengage Learning, second Edition, 2016.
- 6. U. Dinesh Kumar, —Business Analytics: The Science of Data-Driven Decision Makingll, Wiley, 2017.
- 7. Ohri, —R for Business AnalyticsII, Springer, 2012
- 8. Rui Miguel Forte, —Mastering Predictive Analytics with Rll, Packt Publication, 2015



INDUSTRIAL SAFETY

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

To Summarize basics of industrial safety

- To Describe fundamentals of maintenance engineering
- To Explain wear and corrosion
- To Illustrate fault tracing
- To Identify preventive and periodic maintenance

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION

Accident, causes, types, results and control, mechanical and electrical hazards, types, causes and preventive steps/procedure, describe salient points of factories act 1948 for health and safety, wash rooms, drinking water layouts, light, cleanliness, fire, guarding, pressure vessels, etc, Safety color codes. Fire prevention and firefighting, equipment and methods.

UNIT II FUNDAMENTALS OF MAINTENANCE ENGINEERING

Definition and aim of maintenance engineering, Primary and secondary functions and responsibility of maintenance department, Types of maintenance, Types and applications of tools used for maintenance, Maintenance cost & its relation with replacement economy, Service life of equipment.

UNIT III WEAR AND CORROSION AND THEIR PREVENTION 9

Wear- types, causes, effects, wear reduction methods, lubricants-types and applications, Lubrication methods, general sketch, working and applications, i. Screw down grease cup, ii. Pressure grease gun,iii. Splash lubrication, iv. Gravity lubrication, v. Wick feed lubrication vi. Side feed lubrication, vii. Ring lubrication, Definition, principle and factors affecting the corrosion. Types of corrosion, corrosion prevention methods.

UNIT IV

FAULT TRACING

Fault tracing-concept and importance, decision tree concept, need and applications, sequence of fault finding activities, show as decision tree, draw decision tree for problems in machine tools, hydraulic, pneumatic, automotive, thermal and electrical equipment's like, I. Any one machine tool, ii. Pump iii. Air compressor, iv. Internal combustion engine, v. Boiler, vi. Electrical motors, Types of faults in machine tools and their general causes.

UNIT V PERIODIC AND PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Periodic inspection-concept and need, degreasing, cleaning and repairing schemes, overhauling of mechanical components, overhauling of electrical motor, common troubles and remedies of electric motor, repair complexities and its use, definition, need, steps and advantages of preventive maintenance. Steps/procedure for periodic and preventive maintenance of: I. Machine tools, ii. Pumps, iii. Air compressors, iv. Diesel generating (DG) sets, Program and schedule of preventive maintenance of mechanical and electrical equipment, advantages of preventive maintenance. Repair cycle concept and importance.

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

CO1 Ability to summarize basics of industrial safety

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

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- CO2 Ability to describe fundamentals of maintenance engineering
- CO3 Ability to explain wear and corrosion
- CO4 Ability to illustrate fault tracing
- CO5 Ability to identify preventive and periodic maintenance

- 1. Audels, Pump-hydraulic Compressors, Mcgrew Hill Publication, 1978.
- 2. Garg H P, Maintenance Engineering, S. Chand and Company, 1987.
- 3. Hans F. Winterkorn, Foundation Engineering Handbook, Chapman & Hall London, 2013.
- 4. Higgins & Morrow, Maintenance Engineering Handbook, Eighth Edition, 2008



OPERATIONS RESEARCH

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COURSE OBJECTIVE :

- To Solve linear programming problem and solve using graphical method.
- To Solve LPP using simplex method
- To Solve transportation, assignment problems
- To Solve project management problems
- To Solve scheduling problems

UNIT I

LINEAR PROGRAMMING

Introduction to Operations Research – assumptions of linear programming problems - Formulations of linear programming problem – Graphical method

UNIT II ADVANCES IN LINEAR PROGRAMMING

Solutions to LPP using simplex algorithm- Revised simplex method - primal dual relationships – Dual simplex algorithm - Sensitivity analysis

UNIT III

NETWORK ANALYSIS - I

Transportation problems -Northwest corner rule, least cost method, Voges's approximation method - Assignment problem -Hungarian algorithm

UNIT IV NETWORK ANALYSIS – II

Shortest path problem: Dijkstra's algorithms, Floyds algorithm, systematic method -CPM/PERT

UNIT V

NETWORK ANALYSIS - III

Scheduling and sequencing - single server and multiple server models - deterministic inventory models - Probabilistic inventory control models

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- CO1: To formulate linear programming problem and solve using graphical method
- **CO2:** To solve LPP using simplex method
- CO3: To formulate and solve transportation, assignment problems
- CO4: To solve project management problems
- CO5: To solve scheduling problems

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Harvey M Wagner, Principles of Operations Research: Prentice Hall of India 2010
- 2. Hitler Libermann, Operations Research: McGraw Hill Pub. 2009
- 3. Pant J C, Introduction to Optimisation: Operations Research, Jain Brothers, Delhi, 2008
- 4. Pannerselvam, Operations Research: Prentice Hall of India 2010
- 5. Taha H A, Operations Research, An Introduction, PHI, 2008

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COST MANAGEMENT OF ENGINEERING PROJECTS

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To Summarize the costing concepts and their role in decision making
- To Infer the project management concepts and their various aspects in selection
- To Interpret costing concepts with project execution
- To Develop knowledge of costing techniques in service sector and various budgetary control techniques
- To Illustrate with quantitative techniques in cost management.

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION TOCOSTINGCONCEPTS

Objectives of a Costing System; Cost concepts in decision-making; Relevant cost, Differential cost, Incremental cost and Opportunity cost; Creation of a Database for operational control.

UNIT II INTRODUCTION TOPROJECTMANAGEMENT

Project: meaning, Different types, why to manage, cost overruns centres, various stages of project execution: conception to commissioning. Project execution as conglomeration of technical and nontechnical activities, Detailed Engineering activities, Pre project execution main clearances and documents, Project team: Role of each member, Importance Project site: Data required with significance, Project contracts.

UNIT III PROJECT EXECUTION ANDCOSTINGCONCEPTS

Project execution Project cost control, Bar charts and Network diagram, Project commissioning: mechanical and process, Cost Behavior and Profit Planning Marginal Costing; Distinction between Marginal Costing and Absorption Costing; Break-even Analysis, Cost-Volume-Profit Analysis, Various decision-making problems, Pricing strategies: Pareto Analysis, Target costing, Life Cycle Costing.

UNIT IV COSTING OF SERVICE SECTOR AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

Just-in-time approach, Material Requirement Planning, Enterprise Resource Planning, Activity-Based Cost Management, Bench Marking; Balanced Score Card and Value-Chain Analysis, Budgetary Control: Flexible Budgets; Performance budgets; Zero-based budgets.

UNIT V QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES FOR COST MANAGEMENT

Linear Programming, PERT/CPM, Transportation problems, Assignment problems, Learning Curve Theory.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S)

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1**: Understand the costing concepts and their role in decision making.
- CO2: Understand the project management concepts and their various aspects in selection
- **CO3:** Interpret costing concepts with project execution
- CO4: Gain knowledge of costing techniques in service sector

CO5: Become familiar with quantitative techniques in cost management

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Ashish K. Bhattacharya, Principles & Practices of Cost Accounting A.H. Wheeler publisher, 1991

- 2. Charles T. Horngren and George Foster, Advanced Management Accounting, 1988
- 3. Charles T. Horngren et al Cost Accounting A Managerial Emphasis, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi,2011
- 4. Robert S Kaplan Anthony A. Alkinson, Management & Cost Accounting, 2003
- 5. Vohra N.D., Quantitative Techniques in Management, Tata McGraw Hill Book Co.Ltd,2007



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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To Summarize the characteristics of composite materials and effect of reinforcement in composite materials.
- To Identify the various reinforcements used in composite materials.
- To Compare the manufacturing process of metal matrix composites.
- To Understand the manufacturing processes of polymer matrix composites.
- To Analyze the strength of composite materials.

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION

Definition – Classification and characteristics of Composite materials - Advantages and application of composites - Functional requirements of reinforcement and matrix - Effect of reinforcement (size, shape, distribution, volume fraction) on overall composite performance

UNIT II

REINFORCEMENTS

Preparation-layup, curing, properties and applications of glass fibers, carbon fibers, Kevlar fibers and Boron fibers - Properties and applications of whiskers, particle reinforcements - Mechanical Behavior of composites: Rule of mixtures, Inverse rule of mixtures - Isostrain and Isostress conditions.

UNIT III MANUFACTURING OF METAL MATRIX COMPOSITES

Casting – Solid State diffusion technique - Cladding – Hot isostatic pressing - Properties and applications. Manufacturing of Ceramic Matrix Composites: Liquid Metal Infiltration – Liquid phase sintering. Manufacturing of Carbon – Carbon composites: Knitting, Braiding, Weaving - Properties and applications.

UNIT IV MANUFACTURING OF POLYMER MATRIX COMPOSITES

Preparation of Moulding compounds and prepregs – hand layup method – Autoclave method – Filament winding method – Compression moulding – Reaction injection moulding - Properties and applications.

UNIT V

STRENGTH

Laminar Failure Criteria-strength ratio, maximum stress criteria, maximum strain criteria, interacting failure criteria, hygrothermal failure. Laminate first play failure-insight strength; Laminate strength- ply discount truncated maximum strain criterion; strength design using caplet plots; stress concentrations

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S)

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

CO1: Know the characteristics of composite materials and effect of reinforcement in composite materials.

CO2: Know the various reinforcements used in composite materials.

CO3: Understand the manufacturing processes of metal matrix composites.

CO4: Understand the manufacturing processes of polymer matrix composites.

CO5: Analyze the strength of composite materials

- 1. Cahn R.W. Material Science and Technology Vol 13 Composites, VCH, West Germany.
- 2. Callister, W.D Jr., Adapted by Balasubramaniam R, Materials Science and Engineering, An introduction, John Wiley & Sons, NY, Indian edition, 2007.
- 3. Chawla K.K., Composite Materials, 2013.
- 4. Lubin.G, Hand Book of Composite Materials, 2013.

WASTE TO ENERGY

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To Interpret the various types of wastes from which energy can be generated.
- To Develop knowledge on biomass pyrolysis process and its applications.
- To Develop knowledge on various types of biomass gasifiers and their operations.
- To Invent knowledge on biomass combustors and its applications on generating energy.
- To Summarize the principles of bio-energy systems and their features.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO EXTRACTION OF ENERGY FROM WASTE

Classification of waste as fuel - Agro based, Forest residue, Industrial waste - MSW - Conversion devices - Incinerators, gasifiers, digestors.

UNIT II

BIOMASS PYROLYSIS

Pyrolysis - Types, slow fast - Manufacture of charcoal - Methods - Yields and application -Manufacture of pyrolytic oils and gases, yields and applications.

UNIT III

BIOMASS GASIFICATION

Gasifiers - Fixed bed system - Downdraft and updraft gasifiers - Fluidized bed gasifiers - Design, construction and operation - Gasifier burner arrangement for thermal heating - Gasifier engine arrangement and electrical power - Equilibrium and kinetic consideration in gasifier operation.

UNIT IV

BIOMASS COMBUSTION

Biomass stoves - Improved chullahs, types, some exotic designs, Fixed bed combustors, Types, inclined grate combustors, Fluidized bed combustors, Design, construction and operation - Operation of all the above biomass combustors.

UNIT V

BIOENERGY

Properties of biogas (Calorific value and composition), Biogas plant technology and status - Bio energy system - Design and constructional features - Biomass resources and their classification -Biomass conversion processes - Thermo chemical conversion - Direct combustion - biomass gasification - pyrolysis and liquefaction - biochemical conversion - anaerobic digestion - Types of biogas Plants - Applications - Alcohol production from biomass - Bio diesel production -Urban waste to energy conversion - Biomass energy programme in India.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Understand the various types of wastes from which energy can be generated
- CO2: Gain knowledge on biomass pyrolysis process and its applications
- CO3: Develop knowledge on various types of biomass gasifiers and their operations
- **CO4:** Gain knowledge on biomass combustors and its applications on generating energy
- **CO5:** Understand the principles of bio-energy systems and their features.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Biogas Technology A Practical Hand Book Khandelwal, K. C. and Mahdi, S. S., Vol. I & II, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., 1983.
- 2. Biomass Conversion and Technology, C. Y. WereKo-Brobby and E. B. Hagan, John Wiley & Sons, 1996.
- 3. Food, Feed and Fuel from Biomass, Challal, D. S., IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., 1991.
- 4. Non Conventional Energy, Desai, Ashok V., Wiley Eastern Ltd., 1990.

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ELECTIVE LIST PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES I & III

INFORMATION SECURITY

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

25CS2901

- To learn the core fundamentals of system security concepts •
- To identify the threats to the network of computers.
- To understand the ways of sharing and storing of files in controlled manner.
- To deploy the security essentials in the IT sectors.
- To perform a detailed study of Storage security and related Issues.
- To be exposed to the concept of database security.

UNIT I

SYSTEM SECURITY

Building a secure organization- A Cryptography primer- detecting system Intrusion- Preventing system Intrusion- Fault tolerance and Resilience in cloud computing environments- Security web applications, services and servers.

UNIT II

NETWORK SECURITY

Internet Security - Botnet Problem- Intranet security- Local Area Network Security - Wireless Network Security - Wireless Sensor Network Security- Cellular Network Security- Optical Network Security- Optical wireless Security.

UNIT III **OPERATING SYSTEM AND FILE SECURITY**

Process Protection. Controlling Files. The File System - Executable Files and Malware - Sharing and Protecting Files - Security Controls for Files - File Security Controls - Patching Security Flaws. Sharing Files. Controlled Sharing - File Permission Flags.

UNIT IV

SECURITY MANAGEMENT

Information security essentials for IT Managers- Security Management System - Policy Driven System Management- IT Security - Online Identity and User Management System - Intrusion and **Detection and Prevention System**

UNIT V

STORAGE SECURITY

Storage Area Network Security - Storage Area Network Security Devices - Risk management -Physical Security Essentials. Issues in Database Security - Fundamentals of Access Control -Database Access Control - Using Views for Access Control - Security Logs and Audit Trails -Encryption - SQL Data Control Language - Security in Oracle - Statistical Database Security - SQL Injection -Database Security and the Internet.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

CO1: Explain the core fundamentals of system security concepts

CO2: Identify and mitigate the threats to the network of computers.

CO3: Discuss various the ways sharing and storing of files in controlled manner.

CO4: Deploy the security essentials in the IT sectors.

CO5: Solve the Storage security and related Issues.

CO6: To be explain the concept of database security

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. John R.Vacca, Computer and Information Security Handbook, Third Edition, Elsevier 2017.

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- 2. "Elementary Information Security", Richard E. Smith, PhD, CISSP, Third Edition, Jones and Bartlett Learning, 2019
- 3. "Security Engineering": A Guide to building dependable Distributed Systems, Third Edition,Ross Anderson, Wiley,2020
- 4. "Network Security, Firewalls, and VPNs", Third Edition, J. Michael Stewart, Denise Kinsey, Jones & Bartlett Learning, 2020
- 5. Michael E. Whitman, Herbert J. Mattord, Principal of Information Security,6th edition, Cengage Learning, 2018

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СО	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1				2	1	1	2		
CO2	2	3	1 8	DURANCE		21	3	1	
CO3	3		2	UCATI	NA	3	2		
CO4			8	2		3	3	2	
CO5	2	2	1	2			2		2
CO6	2		1	2	2	2	2		2

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand the basic ideas and principles of Neural Networks
- To understand the basic concepts of Big Data and Statistical Data Analysis
- To familiarize the student with The Image Processing facilities like Tensorflow and Keras
- To appreciate the use of Deep Learning Applications
- To understand and implement Deep Learning Architectures

UNIT - I

BASICS OF NEURAL NETWORKS

Basic concept of Neurons – Perceptron Algorithm – Feed Forward and Back Propagation Networks.

UNIT - II INTRODUCTION TO DEEP LEARNING

Feed Forward Neural Networks – Gradient Descent – Back Propagation Algorithm – Vanishing Gradient problem – Mitigation – RelU Heuristics for Avoiding Bad Local Minima – Heuristics for Faster Training – Nestors Accelerated Gradient Descent – Regularization – Dropout.

UNIT - III CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORKS 9

CNN Architectures – Convolution – Pooling Layers – Transfer Learning – Image Classification using Transfer Learning.

UNIT -IVMORE DEEP LEARNING ARCHITECTURES9LSTM, GRU, Encoder/Decoder Architectures – Autoencoders – Standard- Sparse –Denoising – Contractive- Variational Autoencoders – Adversarial Generative Networks –Autoencoder and DBM

UNIT -V APPLICATIONS OF DEEP LEARNING 9

Image Segmentation – Object Detection – Automatic Image Captioning – Image generation with Generative Adversarial Networks – Video to Text with LSTM Models – Attention Models for Computer Vision – Case Study: Named Entity Recognition – Opinion Mining using Recurrent Neural Networks – Parsing and Sentiment Analysis using Recursive Neural Networks – Sentence Classification using Convolutional Neural Networks – Dialogue Generation with LSTMs.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1** Understand the role of Deep learning in Machine Learning Applications.
- **CO2** To get familiar with the use of TensorFlow/Keras in Deep Learning Applications.
- **CO3** To design and implement Deep Learning Applications.
- **CO4** Critically Analyze Different Deep Learning Models in Image Related Projects.
- **CO5** To design and implement Convolutional Neural Networks.
- **CO6** To know about applications of Deep Learning in NLP and Image Processing.

- 1. Ian Good Fellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, —Deep Learningll, MIT Press, 2017.
- 2. Francois Chollet, —Deep Learning with Pythonll, Manning Publications, 2018.
- **3.** Phil Kim, —Matlab Deep Learning: With Machine Learning, Neural Networks and Artificial Intelligencell, Apress, 2017.
- **4.** Ragav Venkatesan, Baoxin Li, —Convolutional Neural Networks in Visual Computing, CRC Press, 2018.
- **5.** Navin Kumar Manaswi, —Deep Learning with Applications Using Pythonll, Apress, 2018.
- 6. Joshua F. Wiley, —R Deep Learning EssentialsII, Packt Publications, 2016.

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	2	1	3	1	1	2	3	
CO2		2	1	2	1	2	2	3	
CO3	1	1	1	2		1. I.	3	3	
CO4	2	2	1	1		2	3	2	
CO5	1		2	TY ENDUR	I CE CIU	2	3	2	
CO6	2	2	1	TDUCA	TIONA	2	2	3	1

INEERING COLLA

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand the concept of cloud and utility computing.
- To familiarize themselves with mechanism in the cloud infrastructure.
- To enable student to identify the security challenges in the cloud Environment.
- To understand the various frameworks and APIs that can be used for developing cloud-based applications.
- To acquire knowledge of AWS Cloud Provider

UNIT - I

INTRODUCTION

CLOUD COMPUTING MECHANISM

Introduction- Historical Development – Cloud Computing Architecture – The Cloud Reference Model – Cloud Characteristics –Cloud Deployment Models: Public, Private, Community, Hybrid Clouds- Introduction to Poly Cloud-Cloud Delivery Models: IaaS, PaaS, SaaS.

Case Studies 1) Choose a company that implemented a hybrid cloud solution and explain the reasons behind their decision using Hybrid Cloud Implementation. ii)Explore how customers are reducing cost and becoming more efficient with assistance from Poly.

UNIT - II

Cloud Infrastructure Mechanism: Cloud Storage, Cloud Usage Monitor, Resource Replication – Specialized Cloud Mechanism: Load Balancer, SLA Monitor, Pay-per-use Monitor, Audit Monitor, Failover System, Hypervisor, Resource Cluster, Multi Device Broker, State Management Database – Cloud Management Mechanism: Remote Administration System, Resource Management System, SLA Management System, Billing Management System.

Case Studies: Cloud Usage Monitor: AWS CloudWatch monitors various cloud resources, such as compute instances, storage, and databases, to provide insights into their utilization and performance.

UNIT - III

CLOUD SECURITY

Basic Terms and Concepts – Threat Agents – Cloud Security Threats –Cloud Security Mechanism: Encryption, Hashing, Digital Signature, Public Key Infrastructure, Identity and Access Management, Single Sign-on, Cloud Based Security Groups, Hardened Virtual Server Images.

Case Studies: Suggest additional security measures and protocols Dropbox could have implemented to enhance cloud security.

UNIT -IV

CloudSim and Green Cloud - Introduction to Simulator, understanding CloudSim simulator, CloudSim Architecture (User code, CloudSim, GridSim, SimJava) Understanding Working platform for CloudSim, Introduction to GreenCloud.

UNIT -V

AWS CLOUD FUNDAMENTALS

CLOUD SIMULATORS

Introduction to Amazon Web Services, Compute in the Cloud, Global Infrastructure and Reliability, Networking, Storage and Databases, Security, Monitoring and Analytics, Pricing and Support, Migration, and Innovation.

Case Studies :Explain the AWS services used by Capital One for secure and compliant data storage, real-time analytics, and customer-facing applications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1** Describe the methods for managing the data in cloud and secure the data in the cloud platform.
- **CO2** Demonstrate the ability to access the various cloud platforms used.
- CO3 Describe the standardization process of cloud platform and various API's
- **CO4** Design, Develop & Deploy real-world applications in the cloud computing platforms they have learnt.
- **CO5** Apply the concepts of Windows Azure to design Cloud Application
- **CO6** Develop services using various Cloud computing programming models.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Thomas Erl, Zaigham Mahood, Ricardo Puttini, —Cloud Computing, Concept, Technology & Architecturell, Prentice Hall, 2013.
- 2. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, S. Thamarai Selvi, —Mastering Cloud Computingll, Tata McGraw-Hill,2013.
- 3. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Robert C. Elsenpeter, —Cloud Computing, A Practical ApproachII, Tata McGraw-Hill Edition, 2010.
- 4. George Reese, —Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud (Theory in Practice)II, O'Reilly, 2009.
- 5. ArshdeepBahga,Vijay Madisetti,—Cloud Computing: A Hands-OnApproachll, Universities Press(India) Private Limited, 2014.
- 6. James E Smith and Ravi Nair, —Virtual Machinesll, Elsevier, 2005.
- 7. John Rittinghouse& James Ransome, —Cloud Computing, Implementation, Management and Strategyll, CRC Press, 2010.
- 8. Barrie Sosinsky, Cloud Computing Biblell John Wiley & Sons, 2010

ONLINE COURSES / RESOURCES

- 1. https://cloud.google.com/appengine/docs
- 2. https://www.chef.io/solutions/cloud-management/
- 3. http://www.cloudbus.org/cloudsim
- 4. https://code.google.com/p/cloudsim
- 5. https://aws.amazon.com/documentation

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1				2	2	1	2	2	3
CO2	2	3	1	2		1	3	1	2
CO3	3		3		1	3	3	1	2
CO4				2	2	3	3	2	3
CO5	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	2	3
CO6	3		2		2	3	3	2	3

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29032904	ADHOC AND WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS	3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To learn about the issues in the design of wireless ad hoc networks.
- To understand the working of protocols in different layers of mobile ad hoc and sensor networks.
- To expose the students to different aspects in sensor networks.
- To understand various traffic generators and models for sensor networks.
- To understand various security issues in ad hoc and sensor networks and solutions to the issues.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS AND ROUTING PROTOCOLS OF WIRELESS ADHOC NETWORKS

Introduction – Applications of Mobile Ad Hoc Networks (MANETs) – Medium Access Control Layer – Topology Control – Routing Protocols – Broadcasting – Multicasting – Internet Connectivity for MANETs – Security in MANETs - Scenario Based Performance Analysis of Various Routing Protocols in MANETs.

UNIT II MOBILITY MODELS AND OVERHEAD CONTROL MECHANISMS IN MANETS

Description of Various Mobility Models – Simulation and Analysis of Various Mobility Models – Overhead Analysis in Hierarchical Routing Scheme – Overhead Minimization Techniques – Energy Models.

UNIT III WIRELESS SENSOR NETWORKS (WSN)

Applications of WSNs – Hardware and Software Issues in WSN – Design Issues of MAC Protocols – Deployment – Localization – Synchronization – Calibration – Network Layer Issues – Classification of Routing Protocols – Transport Layer Issues – Data Aggregation and Dissemination – Database Centric and Querying.

UNIT IV SENSOR NETWORK SECURITY

Network Security Requirements, Issues and Challenges in Security Provisioning, Network Security Attacks, Layer wise attacks in wireless sensor networks, possible solutions for jamming, tampering, black hole attack, flooding attack. Key Distribution and Management, Secure Routing – SPINS, reliability requirements in sensor networks.

UNIT V SENSOR NETWORK PLATFORMS AND TOOLS

Sensor Node Hardware – Berkeley Motes, Programming Challenges, Node-level software platforms – TinyOS, nesC, CONTIKIOS, Node-level Simulators – NS2 and its extension to sensor networks, COOJA, TOSSIM, Programming beyond individual nodes – State centric programming.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

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COURSE OUTCOME(S):

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

CO1: Identifying suitable routing protocols for various scenarios of ad hoc networks.

CO2: To explore various mobility models for MANETs.

CO3: Identify different issues in wireless sensor networks.

CO4: Analyze the performance of IEEE 802.15.4.

CO5: Identify and critique security issues in ad hoc and sensor networks.

CO6: Compare different wireless networking protocols

- 1. Subir Kumar Sarkar, —Wireless Sensor and Ad Hoc Networks Under Diversified Network
- 2. Scenariosll, Auerbach Publications, 2012.
- 3. C. Siva Ram Murthy, and B. S. Manoj, "Ad Hoc Wireless Networks: Architectures and Protocols ", Pearson Education, 2008.
- 4. Labiod. H, —Wireless Adhoc and Sensor Networksll, Wiley, 2008.
- 5. Li, X, —Wireless ad -hoc and sensor Networks: theory and applicationsll, Cambridge University Press, 2008.
- 6. Holger Karl , Andreas willig, —Protocol and Architecture for Wireless Sensor Networksll, John wiley publication, Jan 2006.
- 7. Carlos De Morais Cordeiro, Dharma Prakash Agrawal, —Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks: Theory and Applicationsll, World Scientific Publishing, Second Edition, 2011.

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1		Z	2	2		2	3	1	2
CO2	1	2	3	S(350		2	1	2
CO3	2	X		2	2	3	3	2	2
CO4	3	2	12	2		2	2	2	2
CO5	2	1	14	2	1	2	3	2	1
CO6	2	2	3	2	UCATI	3	3	1	2

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25CS2905	COMPUTER VISION	3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To review image processing techniques for computer vision •
- To understand shape and region analysis •
- To understand Hough Transform and its applications to detect lines, circles, ellipses
- To understand the models for stereo vision
- To study some applications of computer vision algorithms.

UNIT I

LOW-LEVEL VISION

Review of image processing techniques -Images and Imaging Operations- Basic Image Filtering Operations - The role of Thresholding - Edge Detection - Corner and Interest Point Detection -Textures Analysis.

UNIT II

INTERMEDIATE-LEVEL VISION

Binary Shape Analysis - Boundary Pattern Analysis - Connectedness-Object labeling and counting-Size Filtering-Distance functions- skeletons and thinning-Line, Circle and Ellipse Detection- The Generalized Hough Transform.

UNIT III

HIGH-LEVEL VISION

Image Stitching- Motion Models, Global Alignment, Compositing; Depth estimation: Epi polar geometry- Sparse correspondence- Dense correspondence- Local methods- Global optimization; multi-view stereo - 3D reconstruction.

UNIT IV

3-D VISION AND MOTION

The Three-Dimensional World: Tackling the Perspective n-point Problem - Invariants and Perspective - Image Transformations and Camera Calibration - Motion.

UNIT V

PUTTING COMPUTER VISION TO WORK

Face Detection and Recognition: the impact of deep learning - In Vehicle vision system.

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Implement fundamental image processing techniques required for computer vision
- **CO2:** Perform shape analysis and Implement boundary tracking techniques
- CO3: Apply 3D vision techniques
- **CO4:** Develop applications using computer vision techniques
- CO5: Familiar with the use of MATLAB / OpenCV environment
- **CO6:** Design and develop the systems based on vision mechanism

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Davies E R, Computer & Machine Vision, Academic Press, Fifth Edition, 2018.
- 2. Szeliski R, Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications, Springer 2021.
- 3. Adrian Rosebrock, Deep Learning for Computer Vision with Python Starter Bundle, Pyimagesearch, First Edition, 2017
- 4. Rafael C Gonzalez and Richard E Woods, Digital Image Processing, Pearson Education, Third Edition, 2008.
- 5. Mark Nixon and Alberto S Aquado, Feature Extraction & Image Processing for Computer Vision, Academic Press, Third Edition, 2012.
- 6. John C Russ, The Image Processing Handbook, CRC Press, 2007.

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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	2		1			3	2	2
CO2	2		3		2	3	3	2	1
3CO3	2	3		2			3	2	2
CO4	1						3	3	2
CO5	3	2	2	2	RING C	3	3	2	1
CO6	2	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	2

7. Baggio D L et al., Mastering OpenCV with Practical Computer Vision Projects, Packt Publishing, 2012.



25CS2906		L	Т	Ρ	С
	BIO-METRIC SYSTEMS	3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand the basic ideas and principles in biometrics.
- To understand the basic concepts of statistical data analysis for validating the biometrics projects.
- To familiarize the student with the image processing facilities in MATLAB and its equivalent open-source tools like OpenCV.
- To appreciate the use of biometrics Industrial applications and to understand the role of biometrics in modern security environment.
- To understand the role of multi-biometrics.

UNIT I

UNIT II

BIOMETRICS FUNDAMENTALS

Introduction to Biometrics – Benefits of Biometric Security – Types of Biometric Traits – Physiological and Behavioral Biometrics – General Architecture of Biometrics – Biometric Error and Performance Measures –Accuracy – False match rate – False non – match rate – Failure to Enrolment rate – Derived metrics – Applications of Biometrics.

FINGERPRINT AND FACIAL SCAN

Finger Scan – Features – Components – Operation Steps – Competing Finger Scan Technologies Strength and Weakness – Types of Algorithms Used for Interpretation. Facial Scan – Features Components – Operation Steps – Competing Facial Scan Technologies – Strength – Weakness.

UNIT III ADDITIONAL PHYSIOLOGICAL BIOMETRICS

Retina Biometrics – Iris Scan – Features – Components – Competing Iris Scan Technologies – Strength and Weakness – Vein Pattern of Palm – Basics of Hand Geometry – Sign Language.

UNIT IV

BEHAVIOR BIOMETRICS

Behavior Biometrics – Signature Scan – Keystrokes – Multimodality and Combining Biometrics for Improving Performance – Voice Scan-Features – Components – Operation Steps–Competing Voice Scan Technologies–Strength and Weakness.

UNIT V BIOMETRICS APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

Biometrics – Standard Development Organizations – Information Security and Biometric Standards – BioAPI Consortium - Privacy Issues – Comparing Privacy Factor of Different Biometrics Technologies – Designing Privacy Sympathetic Biometric Systems.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

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COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Implement basic biometrics related algorithms.
- **CO2:** Familiar with the types of Physiological and Behavioral Biometrics.
- **CO3:** Design and implement an industrial application that incorporates different concepts of biometrics.
- CO4: Critically analyze different approaches of Biometrics to implement mini projects in

industrial environment and in security related projects.

CO5: Know the Biometric standards.

CO6: Know the Biometrics Application development.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Anil K. Jain, Arun A. Rossand, Karthik Nandakumar, —Introduction to Biometricsll, Springer, 2011.

2. G. R. Sinha, Sandeep B. Patil, —Biometrics: Concepts and ApplicationsII, Wiley, 2013.

3. James L. Wayman, Anil K. Jain, Davide Maltoni, Dario Maio, —Biometric Systems: Technology, Design and Performance EvaluationII, Springer, 2004.

4. Samir Nanavati, Michael Thieme, Raj Nanavati, —Biometrics: Identity Verification in a Networked Worldl, John WILEY, 2002.

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	G	NEER	10 00	44	3	2	1
CO2	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	2	
CO3	1		1	1			3	3	2
CO4	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	2
CO5	1	2	1	50	2		2	2	1
CO6	1	2				2	3	2	2

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3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand the fundamentals of data visualization.
- To know the working principles of various information visualization tools.
- To acquire knowledge about the issues in data representation.
- To visualize the complex engineering design.
- To gain skill in designing real time interactive information visualization system
- Understanding complex social cues.

INTRODUCTION

Introduction – Visualization Stages – Computational Support – Issues – Different Types of Tasks – Data representation – Limitation: Display Space, Rendering Time, Navigation Link.

UNIT II DATA REPRESENTATION

Human Factors – Foundation for a Science of Data Visualization – Environment- Optics – Optimal Display – Overview about Lightness, Brightness, Contrast, Constancy, Color –Visual Attention that Pops Out – Types of Data – Data Complexity – The Encoding of Values – Encoding of Relation – Relation and Connection – Alternative Canvass.

UNIT III

UNIT I

DATA PRESENTATION

Human Vision – Space Limitation – Time Limitations – Design – Exploration of Complex Information Space – Figure Caption in Visual Interface – Visual Objects and Data Objects – Space Perception and Data in Space – Images, Narrative and Gestures for Explanation.

UNIT IV

COLOR PROCESSING

Color. Color Processing. Color Spaces. Color Aesthetics. Colors for Visualization-Cognition. Looking vs. Seeing. Image Gist. Gestalt Principles. Visual Attention. Visual Working & Long-Term Memory.

UNIT V

DATA VISUALISATION SYSTEM

Visual Story Telling. Messaging. Effective Presentations. Design for Information Visualization and Arts, Visualization Systems- Database Visualization

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

CO1: Critically evaluate visualizations and suggest improvements and refinements.

CO2: Use standalone visualization applications to quickly explore data.

CO3: Apply a structured design process to create effective visualizations.

CO4: Conceptualize ideas and interaction techniques using sketching.

CO5: Create web-based interactive visualizations using JavaScript and D3.

CO6: Identify appropriate data visualization techniques given particular requirements imposed by the data.

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- 1. Robert Spence, —Information Visualization An IntroductionII, Third Edition, Pearson Education, 2014.
- 2. Colin Ware, —Information Visualization Perception for Designll, Third edition, Margon Kaufmann Publishers, 2012.
- 3. Robert Spence, —Information Visualization Design for InteractionII, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2006.
- 4. Benjamin B. Bederson and Ben shneiderman, —The Craft of Information VisualizationII, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2003.
- a. Thomas strothotte, —Computational Visualization: Graphics, Abstraction and Interactivityll, Springer, 1998.
- 5. Matthew O. Ward, George Grinstein, Daniel Keim, —Interactive Data Visualization: Foundation, Techniques and ApplicationsII, Second Edition, A. K. Peters/CRC Press, 2015.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3
CO2	1	Ĩ	1	2	2	(2	3	3
CO3		2		NT A	NTV NTV		3	3	3
CO4			1 5		EB.	31	3	2	2
CO5	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	3	3
CO6	2	2	2	2 2 ENDU	RANCE CH	2	3	3	3

6. Joerg Osarek, —Virtual Reality AnalyticsII, Gordon's Arcade, 2016



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25052906	AGILE PRACTICES	3	0	0	3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand the theoretical as well as practical understanding of agile software development practices.
- To provide a good understanding of software design and a set of software technologies and APIs.
- To do a detailed examination and demonstration of Agile development and testing techniques.
- To understand the benefits and pitfalls of working in an Agile team.
- To understand Agile development and testing.

UNIT I

AGILE METHODOLOGY

Theories for Agile Management – Agile Software Development – Traditional Model vs. Agile Model – Classification of Agile Methods – Agile Manifesto and Principles – Agile Project Management – Agile Team Interactions – Ethics in Agile Teams – Agility in Design, Testing – Agile Documentations – Agile Drivers, Capabilities and Values-Agile team building activity/game

UNIT II

AGILE PROCESSES

Lean Production – SCRUM, Crystal, and Feature Driven Development- Adaptive Software Development– Extreme Programming: Method Overview – Lifecycle – Work Products, Roles, and Practices- XP and Scrum scenarios to choose between two.

UNIT III AGILITY AND KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT

Agile Information Systems – Agile Decision Making – Earl S Schools of KM – Institutional Knowledge Evolution Cycle – Development, Acquisition, Refinement, Distribution, Deployment, leveraging – KM in Software Engineering – Managing Software Knowledge – Challenges of Migrating to Agile Methodologies – Agile Knowledge Sharing – Role of Story-Cards – Story-Card Maturity Model (SMM)- story card maturity model for given scenario.

UNIT IV AGILITY AND REQUIREMENTS ENGINEERING

Impact of Agile Processes in RE–Current Agile Practices – Variance – Overview of RE Using Agile – Managing Unstable Requirements – Requirements Elicitation – Agile Requirements Abstraction Model – Requirements Management in Agile Environment, Agile Requirements Prioritization – requirement prioritization using different techniques- Agile Requirements Modelling and Generation – Concurrency in Agile Requirements Generation.

UNIT V AGILITY QUALITY ASSURANCE AND DevOps

Agile Product Development – Agile Metrics – Feature Driven Development (FDD) – Financial and Production Metrics in FDD – Agile Approach to Quality Assurance – Test Driven Development – Agile Approach in Global Software Development- DevOps– Continuous Integration and Continuous Delivery CI/CD: Jenkins Creating pipelines, Setting up runners Containers and container orchestration (Dockers and Kubernetes) for application development and deployment; Checking build status; Fully Automated Deployment; Continuous monitoring with Nagios.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

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COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

CO1: Realize the importance of interacting with business stakeholders in determining the requirements for a software system.

CO2: Perform iterative software development processes: how to plan them, how to execute them.

CO3: Point out the impact of social aspects on software development success.

CO4: Develop techniques and tools for improving team collaboration and software quality.

CO5: Perform Software process improvement as an on-going task for development teams

and CO6: Show how agile approaches can be scaled up to the enterprise level.

- 1. Craig Larman, —Agile and Iterative Development: A manager_s Guidell, Addison-Wesley, 2004
- 2. David J. Anderson; Eli Schragenheim, Agile Management for Software Engineering: Applying the Theory of Constraints for Business Resultsll, Prentice Hall, 2003
- 3. Dingsoyr, Torgeir, Dyba, Tore, Moe, Nils Brede (Eds.), —Agile Software Development, Current Research and Future Directionsll, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 2010
- 4. Hazza& Dubinsky, —Agile Software Engineering, Series: Undergraduate Topics in Computer Sciencell, Springer, VIII edition, 2009
- 5. Kevin C. Desouza, —Agile information systems: conceptualization, construction, and managementll, Butterworth-Heinemann, 2007
- 6. Learning Agile: Understanding Scrum, XP, Lean, and Kanban, By Andrew Stellman, Jennifer Greene, 2015, O Reilly
- 7. DevOps: Continuous Delivery, Integration, and Deployment with DevOps: Dive By SricharanVadapalli, Packt, 2018
- DevOps For Beginners: A Step-By-Step Guide To DevOps Best Practices Liam Foster-2017
- 9. The Phoenix Project: DevOps For Everyone Gene Kim, Kevin behr, and George Spafford-2013
- 10. More Agile Testing: Learning Journeys for the Whole Team By Janet Gregory, Lisa Crispin, Addison Wesley, 2015.

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	3			1	2		3
CO2	2		3	3			3	2	3
CO3						2			3
CO4	2		1	2			3	3	3
CO5	1	3			2	3	3		3
CO6	1				2	1	2		3

NETWORK PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand the mathematical basis for analyzing the performance of networks.
- To understand queuing theory and queuing models.
- To analytically model traffic control protocols, and error control protocols using these concepts.
- To model performance of wired and wireless MAC such as 802.3, 802.11 and 802.16.
- To model network traffic and study the performance of different packet scheduling algorithms.

UNIT - I

MARKOV CHAINS BASICS

An overview of performance evaluation, Types of workloads and workload election, Work load characterization. Overview of Random Processes, Markov Chains – Markov matrices, State transition matrix, Markov chains at equilibrium – steady state distribution vector.

UNIT - II REDUCIBLE AND PERIODIC MARKOV CHAINS

Reducible Markov chain – Transition matrix, Reducible Composite Markov chain, Transient analysis, Steady state, Periodic Markov chain – Transition matrix, canonical form, Strongly and weakly periodic Markov chains, Analysis of Single Queue: Birth-Death Processes; M/M/1 Queue, M/M/m Queue, M/M/1/B queues, D/M/1/B queues, performance, communicating Markov chains, Advanced Markovian Queueing Models (M[X]/M/1), (M/M[Y]/1), Queuing Networks: Open and Closed Queuing Networks.

UNIT - III TRAFFIC CONTROL, ERROR CONTROL AND MAC 9 MODELING

Modeling traffic control protocols – Modeling leaky bucket and token bucket algorithms, Modeling Error control protocols - Stop and wait and GBN ARQ performance, Modeling media access control protocols –802.1p, ALOHA, 802.3.

UNIT -IVNETWORK TRAFFIC AND SCHEDULING9Modeling network traffic – Flow traffic models – Continuous time modeling, Discrete time
modeling, Pareto traffic distribution, Destination traffic. Scheduling algorithms – Analysis.

UNIT -V PERFORMANCE ANALYZER TOOLS AND CASE STUDY

Other aspects of Performance analysis on networks (random walk on graph, dynamics on network) – Network Performance Analyzer Tools. Case study of performance evaluation of some real-world applications (such as BitTorrent simulation and evaluation, Internet worm modeling and simulation).

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1** Apply markov chain models and analyse the behavior of network systems.
- **CO2** Perform queuing theory based analysis of various L2 layer functions, such as flow control, error control, and MAC.
- **CO3** Build network traffic models.
- **CO4** Analyse QoS functions such as scheduling and traffic control.
- **CO5** Understand the performance of different packet scheduling algorithms.
- CO6 Design wired and wireless networks.

- 1. Anurag Kumar, D. Manjunath, Joy Kuri, Communication Networking: An analytical Approach, Elsevier, 2004.
- 2. Bertsekas D and Gallager R, Data Networks, 2nd Edition, Prentice-Hall, 1992.
- 3. Fayez Gebali, Analysis of computer networks, 2nd Edition, Springer, 2015.
- 4. Harrison P G and Patel N M, Performance Modelling of Communication Networks and Computer Architectures, Addison-Wesley, 1993.
- 5. Robertazzi T G, Computer Networks and Systems: Queuing Theory and Performance Evaluation, 2nd, Edition, Springer-Verlag, 1994.
- 6. Performance Analysis of Communications Networks and Systems, Piet Van Mieghem, Technische Universiteit Delft, The Netherlands
- 7. Raj Jain, The Art of Computer Systems Performance Analysis, John Wiley & Sons, 1991.
- 8. Fundamentals of Queueing Theory, 4th Edition Donald Gross, John F. Shortle, James M. Thompson, Carl M. Harris
- 9. Performance Evaluation by Simulation and Analysis with Applications to Computer Networks, Ken Chen, 2015

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2		3
CO2		2		2	2	1	3	2	3
CO3	2	2	2	0	2				3
CO4	1		3		2	1	3	3	3
CO5	1			2		1	3		3
CO6	2	2	2			1	2		3

BIOINFORMATICS

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To get exposed to Bioinformatics Technologies.
- To solve various problems in biological sciences- sequence analysis.
- To solve various problems in gene expression analysis, biomedical image analysis.
- To solve various problems in metabolic pathway analysis.
- To be familiar with working of bioinformatics models in MATLAB

UNIT - I INTRODUCTION

Need for Bioinformatics Technologies - Overview of Bioinformatics Technologies -Structural Bioinformatics - Data Format and Processing - Secondary Resources and Applications – Role of Structural Bioinformatics – Biological Data Integration System.

UNIT - II **BIOINFORMATICS TOOL BOX**

Sequence Analysis - NGS - Graph Theory - Gene Ontology - Importing Data and Deploying. 9

UNIT - III **BIOLOGICAL DATA ANALYSIS**

Microarray Data Analysis - Mass Spectrometry Data Analysis - Statistical Classification of Biological Data.

UNIT -IV

IMAGE PROCESSING

Key Features of Image Processing – Importing and Exporting Images – Image File Formats and Format Conversion - Pre and Post Processing Images - Spatial Transformations and Image Registration – Microarray Image Analysis.

UNIT-V

SYSTEMS BIOLOGY

Basics of Enzyme Kinetics - Kinetic Laws - Modeling Biological System: Simulation, Sensitivity Analysis, Parameter Estimation using Simbiology – Pharmacokinetic Modeling: Simulation, Population Study - Model of the Yeast Heterotrimeric G Protein Cycle and Glycolysis

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- CO1 Develop models for Biological Data.
- CO₂ Implement Image Processing Techniques to Bioinformatics Data.
- CO₃ Implement Micro Array analysis over Genome Expression.
- CO4 Understand the study of Symbiology.
- CO₅ Understand the Pharmacokinetic Modeling
- CO6 Understand the working model of Biological Data in MATLAB.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Gautam B. Singhm — Fundamentals of Bioinformatics and Computational Biology: Methods and Exercises in MATLABII, Springer International Publishing, 2015
- Michael R. King, Nipa A. Mody, -Numerical and Statistical Methods for 2. Bioengineering: Applications in MATLABI, Cambridge University Press, 2011.
- 3. G. Alterovitz, M. F. Ramoni, —Systems Bioinformatics: An Engineering Case-Based Approachll, Artech House, 2007.

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- 4. John L. Semmlow, —Biosignal and Medical Image Processingll, CRC Press, 2004.
- 5. Frank C. Hoppensteadt, Charles S. Peskin, —Modeling and Simulation in Medicine and Life Sciencesll, Springer, 2010.
- 6. C. Gibas, Per Jambeck, —Developing bioinformatics computer skillsll, O'Reilly Media, 2001.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1		1				1	3	2	2
CO2		1	2	2	1	2	2	2	3
CO3	1		INE	RING	3		3	2	2
CO4	1		2	2	2	G.1	2	3	2
CO5		2	1		2	12	2	3	
CO6	1	2	$\langle \rangle$	517		2	2	3	2



PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE - II, IV and V

С 25CS2911 **BLOCK CHAIN TECHNOLOGIES AND APPLICATIONS** 3 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To learn the fundamentals of Block chain.
- To explain the details of Bitcoin and its different components.
- To incorporate the consensus of Block chain
- To understand the Ethereum development environment
- To learn the applications of Block chain

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION

Block chain history, basics, architectures, Types of block chain ,Basic Cryptographic primitives used in Block chain -Secure- Collision Resistant hash functions - Digital signature - Public key cryptosystems - Zero knowledge proof systems - Need for Distributed Record Keeping - Modelling faults and adversaries- Byzantine Generals problem - Consensus algorithms and their scalability problems - Why Nakamoto Came up with Block chain based crypto currency.

UNIT II

Fundamentals, aspects of bit coins, properties of bit coins, Digital Keys and Addresses -Transactions, life cycle, data structure, types - Structure of the block chain - Mining - Bitcoin Networks and Payments – Wallets – Alternative coins – Smart Contracts – Definition – Recardian contracts.

UNIT III

Bitcoin Consensus, Proof of Work (PoW)- Hashcash PoW, Bitcoin PoW, Attacks on PoW ,monopoly problem- Proof of Stake- Proof of Burn - Proof of Elapsed Time - Bitcoin Miner, Mining Difficulty, Mining Pool-Permissioned model and use cases, Design issues for Permissioned Blockchains, Execute contracts- Consensus models for permissioned blockchain-Distributed consensus in closed environment Paxos.

UNIT IV

Setting up Ethereum development tools - Solidity language. - Ethereum accounts, key pairs, working with Externally Owned Accounts (EOA), contract accounts - Smart contracts, structure, setting up and interaction, examples - Decentralised applications, implementation, case studies -Whisper protocol – Swarm architecture and concepts.

UNIT V

Applications of block chain in cyber security- integrity of information- E-Governance, Finance, Internet of things, Health and other contract enforcement mechanisms.

APPLICATIONS

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Define and Explain the fundamentals of Blockchain
- **CO2:** Explain the different steps in the use of Bitcoins.

BITCOIN

BITCOIN CONSENSUS

ETHEREUM

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- **CO3:** Describe the consensus of Blockchain
- **CO4:** Analyze and demonstrate the Ethereum
- **CO5:** Analyze various applications of Block chain.

CO6: Using Python Libraries to develop Block Chain Application.

- 1. S.Shukla,n M.Dhawan, S.Sharma, S. Venkatesan —Blockchain Technology: Cryptocurrency and Applicationsll ,Oxford University Press 2019 .
- 2. Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward Felten, Andrew Miller and Steven Goldfeder,
- 3. IBitcoin and cryptocurrency technologies: a comprehensive introductionII,Princeton University Press,2016.
- 4. Imran Bashir, —Mastering Blockchain: Distributed Ledger Technology, Decentralization, and Smart Contracts ExplainedII, Second Edition, Packt Publishing, 2018.
- 5. Alex Leverington, —Ethereum Programmingll Packt Publishing Limited, 2017.
- 6. Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti, —Blockchain Applications : A Hands-On Approachll, 2017.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1		_1	12(2	2	3		
CO2	2	1	1			31.	2	3	
CO3		1			NCE CHAP	23	3	2	
CO4		1	YTH,	3	INA	2	2	3	2
CO5	2	1	2	100	1	1	2	2	3
CO6	2	1	2	2	2	1	1	3	2

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

UNIT - I

- To understand the rudiments and overview of Industry 4.0.
- To gain knowledge of Industry 4.0 architecture, Cyber-Physical Systems, and IoT framework.
- To explore the transformation of industrial processes through modern technologies.
- To understand the necessity of the human factor towards Industry 4.0 and its scope in various sectors.

FUNDAMENTALS OF INDUSTRY 4.0

Introduction - Definition - Key Paradigm – Evolution of Industry 4.0, Framework of Industry 4.0 - Nine Pillars - Macro and Micro Perspective of Industry 4.0 - Components - Design Principles - Reference Architecture Model Industry 4.0 (RAMI 4.0)

UNIT - II INDUSTRY 4.0 ARCHITECTURE AND CYBERPHYSICAL 9 SYSTEMS

Cyber-Physical Systems - CPS 5C Level Architecture - Implementation of 5C CPS Architecture in Factories - Classification of CPS in Context of Industry 4.0 - Operational Technology and Information Technology

UNIT - III INTERNET OF THINGS 9

Internet of Things - IoT Technologies - IoT Framework - Architecture of IoT – Key Technologies involved in 5G for IoT - IoT Cloud Platforms – Ethics in IoT Technologies.

UNIT -IVOPERATOR 4.0 AND HUMAN FACTORS IN INDUSTRY 4.09Augmented Reality - Wearable Devices - Wearable and Localization Devices - Sensorsused in Wearable Devices. Interfaces of Industry 4.0 and Humans - Inclusion of HumanFactor - Human Factor Specialist.

UNIT -VCOLLABORATIVE ROBOTS (COBOT)9Introduction - Characteristics of Cobots - Cobots in Complex Environments - Working
Alongside Humans - Level of Automation and Collaboration - Conflicts and Trust - Guidelines
for Designing a Cobot - Cobots in Industry Operations - Cobots as Workforce - Applications
of Cobots

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

CO1 Understand the fundamentals and framework of Industrial 4.0.

- **CO2** Comprehend various architectures of Cyber-Physical Systems connecting Industrial 4.0.
- **CO3** Study the IoT technologies and framework to value Industry 4.0 and Operator 4.0.
- **CO4** Evaluate and design Cobot for automating industrial operations.
- **CO5** Make interface of human factors and realize the impact of Industry 4.0 across the sectors.
- **CO6** Explore the transformation of industrial processes through modern technologies

- 1 Diego Galar Pascual, Pasquale Daponte, Uday Kumar, "Handbook Of Industry 4.0 and Smart Systems", CRC Press, 2020.
- 2 Peter Matthews, Steven Greenspan, "Automation and Collaborative Robotics: A Guide to the Future of Work", Apress Publisher, 2020
- 3 Jesús Hamilton Ortiz, Industry 4.0 Current Status and Future Trends, Intech open publisher, 2020.

ONLINE COURSES / RESOURCES:

- 1. https://www.ibm.com/topics/industry-4-0
- 2. https://www.sap.com/india/products/scm/industry-4-0/what-is-industry-4-0.html
- 3. https://rskr.irimee.in/sites/default/files/Industry%204.0%20Silabhadra%20das.pdf
- 4. https://sist.sathyabama.ac.in/sist_coursematerial/uploads/SEEA1403.pdf

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	Ē	2	513	31 (3	3	2	2
CO2	3	PA	1	2	8	2	3	2	1
CO3	1		2	1			3	2	2
CO4		3	1		2		2	3	2
CO5		2	1	2		1	2	1	3
CO6	2		14.	⁶ 2 ur/	2	2	3	2	2



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SOFTWARE TESTING AND QUALITY ASSURANCE

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand the basics of testing, test planning & design and test team organization.
- To study the various types of tests in the life cycle of the software product.
- To build design concepts for system testing, execution and usage of automation tools
- To learn the software quality assurance, metrics, defect prevention techniques.
- To learn the techniques for quality assurance and applying for applications.

SOFTWARE TESTING - CONCEPTS, ISSUES, AND TECHNIQUES

Quality Revolution, Verification and Validation, Failure, Error, Fault, and Defect, Objectives of Testing, Testing Activities, Test Case Selection White-Box and Black test Planning and design, Test Tools and Automation, . Power of Test. Test Team Organization and Management-Test Groups, Software Quality Assurance Group, System Test Team Hierarchy, Team Building

UNIT II

UNIT I

SYSTEM TESTING

System Testing - System Integration Techniques-Incremental, Top Down Bottom Up Sandwich and Big Bang, Software and Hardware Integration, Hardware Design Verification Tests, Hardware and Software Compatibility Matrix Test Plan for System Integration. Built- in Testing. functional testing -Testing a Function in Context. Boundary Value Analysis, Decision Tables. acceptance testing -Selection of Acceptance Criteria, Acceptance Test Plan, Test Execution Test. software reliability -Fault and Failure, Factors Influencing Software, Reliability Models

UNIT III SYSTEM TEST CATEGORIES AND TOOLS

System test categories Taxonomy of System Tests, Interface Tests Functionality Tests. GUI Tests, Security Tests Feature Tests, Robustness Tests, Boundary Value Tests Power Cycling Tests Interoperability Tests, Scalability Tests, Stress Tests, Load and Stability Tests, Reliability Tests, Regression Tests, Regulatory Tests. Test Generation from FSM models- State-Oriented Model. Finite- State Machine Transition Tour Method, Testing with State Verification. Test Architectures-Local, distributed, Coordinated, Remote. System test design- Test Design Factors Requirement Identification, modeling a Test Design Process Test Design Preparedness, Metrics, Test Case Design Effectiveness. system test execution- Modeling Defects, Metrics for Monitoring Test Execution .Defect Reports, Defect Causal Analysis, Beta testing, measuring Test Effectiveness. Software Testing tools- Automation and Testing Tools –JMetra, JUNIT and Cactus. SOFTWARE QUALITY 9

UNIT IV

Software quality - People s Quality Expectations, Frameworks and ISO-9126, McCall s Quality Factors and Criteria – Relationship. Quality Metrics. Quality Characteristics ISO 9000:2000 Software Quality Standard. Maturity models- Test Process Improvement, Testing Maturity Model.

UNIT V

SOFTWARE QUALITY ASSURANCE

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Quality Assurance - Root Cause Analysis, modelling, technologies, standards and methodologies for defect prevention. Fault Tolerance and Failure Containment - Safety Assurance and Damage Control, Hazard analysis using fault-trees and event-trees. Comparing Quality Assurance Techniques and Activities. QA Monitoring and Measurement, Risk Identification for Quantifiable Quality Improvement. Case Study: FSM-Based Testing of Web-Based Applications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME:

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

CO1: Perform functional and nonfunctional tests in the life cycle of the software product.

- **CO2:** Understand system testing and test execution process.
- **CO3:** Identity defect prevention techniques and software quality assurance metrics
- **CO4:** Understand software testing and Automation tools
- **CO5:** Apply techniques of guality assurance for typical applications.
- **CO6:** Understand the software quality assurance, metrics, defect prevention techniques

- 1. Software Testing And Quality Assurance-Theory and Practice, Kshirasagar Nak Priyadarshi Tripathy, John Wiley & Sons Inc,2008
- 2. Software Quality Engineering: Testing, Quality Assurance, and Quantifiable Improvement, Jeff Tian, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey. 2005.
- 3. Software Quality Assurance From Theory to Implementation, Daniel Galin, Pearson Education Ltd UK, 2004
- 4. Software Quality Assurance, Milind Limaye, TMH ,New Delhi, 2011
- 5. Software Automation Testing Tools for Beginners, Rahul Shende, Shroff Publishers and Distributors, 2012.
- 6. Software Testing Tools, K.V.K.K. Prasad, Dream Tech Press, 2008
- 7. Software Testing Concepts and Tools, Nageswara Rao Pusuluri, Dream Tech press, 2007.

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	12	1	Ē(2	(3	2	1
CO2		2	2	3		3	3	3	2
CO3		1	1		19	Ĵ.	2	2	3
CO4	2		2	2		1	2	3	2
CO5	1	1	21	3 EN	URANCE C	2	2	2	3
CO6	1	1	1	HI EDU	CATIO	NAL ?	1	2	3



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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To learn the technical, economic and service advantages of next generation networks
- To learn the evolution of technologies of 4G and beyond.
- To learn Software defined Mobile Network issues and integrating challenges with LTE.
- To explore the NGN framework catering the services of end user with QoS provisioning.
- To learn about the NGM management and standards.

UNIT I

UNIT II

Evolution of public mobile services -motivations for IP based services, Wireless IP network architecture–3GPP packet data network architecture. Introduction to next generation networks - Changes, Opportunities and Challenges, Technologies, Networks, and Services, Next Generation Society, future Trends.

INTRODUCTION

4G and BEYOND

Introduction to LTE-A –Requirements and Challenges, network architectures –EPC, E-UTRAN architecture-mobility management, resource management, services, channel -logical and transport channel mapping, downlink/uplink data transfer, MAC control element, PDU packet formats, scheduling services, random access procedure. Overview of Potential 5G Communications System Architecture – 5G wireless communication systems, Massive MIMO, cognitive radio networks, and device-to-device communications. Security Issues and Challenges in 5G Communications Systems.

UNIT III

SDMN-LTE INTEGRATION

SDN paradigm and applications, SDN for wireless-challenges, Leveraging SDN for 5G networks ubiquitous connectivity-mobile cloud-cooperative cellular network-restructuring mobile networks to SDN-SDN/LTE integration benefits.

UNIT IV MULTI SERVICE NETWORKS

Origin of multi service ATM, Next Generation Multi service Networks, Next Generation Multi service ATM switching, Multiprotocol Label switching, Networks, Frame Based MPLS, Cell based MPLS, MPLS services and their benefits, multi service provisioning platforms (MSPP) & Multi service switching platform (MSSP).

UNIT V NGN MANAGEMENT AND STANDARDIZATION

Evolution towards NGN-Technology requirements, NGN functional architecture- Transport stratum, service stratum, service/ content layer and customer terminal equipment function. NGN entities, Network and Service evolution -fixed, mobile, cable and internet evolution towards NGN. NGN Applications, UTMS, WAP, WiMAX-Security and directory Enabled networks.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

CO1: Understand the issues and challenges of wireless domain in future generation network design

- **CO2:** Explore the LTE concepts and technologies.
- **CO3:** Understand the integration of SDN with LTE.
- **CO4:** Understand the NGN management and standardizations.
- **CO5:** Learn and understand Multi service networks
- **CO6:** Analyze and Design networks

- 1. Jingming Li Salina, Pascal Salina "Next Generation Networks-perspectives and potentials" Wiley, January 2008.
- 2. Madhusanga Liyanage, Andrei Gurtov, Mika Ylianttila, "Software Defined Mobile Networks beyond LTE Network Architecture", Wiley, June 2015.
- 3. Martin Sauter,"3G,4G and Beyond bringing networks, devices and web together", Wiley, 2nd edition-2013.
- 4. Savo G Glisic," Advanced Wireless Networks- Technology and Business models", Wiley, 3rd edition- 2016.
- 5. Thomas Plavyk, —Next generation Telecommunication Networks, Services and Managementll, Wiley & IEEE Press Publications, 2010.
- 6. Jonathan Rodriguez, —Fundamentals of 5G Mobile Networksll, Wiley, 2015.

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1		2	DUCAT	ONAL		3	2	2
CO2	1		6	2	1	2	2	3	2
CO3		2		S.		3	3	2	2
CO4			2	2	2	2	3	3	2
CO5	1		1	1			2	3	2
CO6	1	2	2	2			2	2	3

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To provide a strong foundation on fundamental concepts in Computational Intelligence.
- To enable Problem-solving through Genetic Algorithms.
- To provide basic techniques, theory and computational models of Fuzzy systems.
- To apply neural networks to design classification problems.
- To apply Computational Intelligence techniques primarily for machine learning.

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION

Artificial Intelligence – a brief review – Pitfalls of traditional AI -Introduction to CI- History of CI- Basic techniques and applications of CI- Introduction to Machine learning.

UNIT II

EVOLUTIONARY COMPUTING

Introduction to Genetic Algorithms (GA) – Applications of GA - Building block hypothesis Representation– Fitness Measures – Genetic Operators-. GA based Machine Learning.

UNIT III

FUZZY SYSTEMS

Fuzzy Logic: Fuzzy sets, properties, membership functions, fuzzy operations - Fuzzy logic and fuzzy inference and applications - Evolutionary Computation - constituent algorithms - Swarm intelligence algorithms - Overview of other bio-inspired algorithms - Hybrid Intelligent systems (Rough fuzzy hybridization & Reinforcement learning).

UNIT IV

NEURAL NETWORKS

Neural Networks-Neuro-fuzzy Inference- Biological and artificial neuron, neural networks, supervised and unsupervised learning. Single layer Perceptron, Multilayer Perceptron – Back propagation learning. Neural networks as associative memories - Hopfield networks, Bidirectional Associative Memory. Topologically organized neural networks – competitive learning, kohonen maps.

UNIT V

PROBLEM SOVING

Adversial Search- Game Playing Cycle- A simple Game Tree- MINMAX Procedure- Additional pruning of game tree- Illustration of alpha beta cut off- Additional refinements- Horizon effect-Iterative deepening.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

CO1: Provide a basic exposition to the goals and methods of Computational Intelligence.

CO2: Apply Genetic Algorithms to design intelligent computational systems.

CO3: Apply fuzzy principles and thinking to deal with vulnerability and tackle real-time issues.

CO4: Apply neural networks to design classification problems.

CO5: Improve problem solving skills using the acquired knowledge in the areas of,

reasoning, natural **CO6:** language understanding, gaming and machine learning. **REFERENC BOOKS:**

1. Russell Norvig, Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, 4th Edition, 2020. Pearson Education

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- 2. A classical approach to Artificial Intelligence, Munesh Chandra Trivedi, Khanna Publications,2020
- 3. Machine Learning, Rajiv Chopra, Khanna Publishing House, 2020.
- 4. Michael Negnevitsky ,Artificial Intelligence: A Guide to Intelligent Systems, 3rd Edition,2020
- 5. Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems, Dan W. Patterson, Pearson Education, 2015.
- 6. Neural Networks and Learning Machines, Simon Haykin, Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2016.
- 7. Neuro-Fuzzy and Soft Computing: A Computational Approach to Learning and Machine Intelligence, Jyh-Shing Roger Jang, 1st Edition, 2015, Pearson Education.
- 8. David E. Goldberg, —Genetic Algorithms in Search, Optimization and Machine Learningll, Pearson Education, 2008
- 9. Meta-heuristic and Evolutionary Algorithms for Engineering Optimization, Omid Bozorg- Haddad, Mohammad Solgi, Hugo A. Loáiciga, wiley publishers, 2017
- 10. Rajashekaran S and Vijayalakshmi Pai G A, —Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic and Genetic Algorithmsll, PHI, 2003.

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	3	2	-AN	2	91.	3	2	2
CO2	2	2			NCE CHA	3	3	3	2
CO3	1	2	THI	EDUCA	TIONA		2	3	2
CO4			2	2	2	1	2	3	3
CO5		2	1	S	91	2	2	2	3
CO6	2		1	3	1	3	2	3	3

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CYBER PHYSICAL SYSTEMS

COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To learn about design of cyber-physical systems
- Introduce modeling of CPS •
- Introduce ability to analyze and simulate CPS systems
- To learn about CPS implementation issues
- To learn about secure deployment of CPS

INTRODUCTION UNIT I

Cyber-Physical Systems (CPS) in the real world, Basic principles of design and validation of CPS Industry 4.0, AutoSAR, IIOT implications, Building Automation, Medical CPS, Principles of Dynamical Systems: Dynamical Systems and Stability Controller Design Techniques Performance under Packet drop and Noise.

CPS - PLATFORM COMPONENTS UNIT II

CPS HW platforms - Processors, Sensors, Actuators, CPS Network - WirelessHart, CAN, automotive Ethernet Scheduling Real Time CPS tasks.

CPS IMPLEMENTATION ISSUES UNIT III

From features to automotive software components, Mapping software components to ECUs, CPS Performance Analysis - effect of scheduling, bus latency, sense and actuation faults on control performance, network congestion Building real-time networks for CPS.

UNIT IV

INTELLIGENT CPS

Safe Reinforcement Learning, Robot motion control, Autonomous Vehicle control, Gaussian Process Learning, Smart Grid Demand Response, Building Automation.

SECURE DEPLOYMENT OF CPS UNIT V

Secure Task mapping and Partitioning, State estimation for attack detection, Automotive Case study: Vehicle ABS hacking, Power Distribution Case study : Attacks on Smart Grids.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Understand the core principles behind CPS
- **CO2:** Identify safety specifications and critical properties
- **CO3:** Understand abstraction in system designs
- CO4: Express pre- and post-conditions and invariants for CPS models
- **CO5:** Analyze CPS by with holistic models of cyber and physical components.
- CO6: Deploy secure CPS

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Rajeev Alur, Principles of Cyber-Physical Systems, MIT Press, 2015.
- 2. R. Rajkumar, D. de. Niz and M. Klein, (2017), Cyber Physical Systems, Addision-Wesely.
- 3. E.A.Lee and S A Shesia, (2018), Embedded system Design: A Cyber-Physical Approach,
- 4. Second Edition, MIT Press.
- 5. André Platzer, Logical Analysis of Hybrid Systems: Proving Theorems for Complex Dynamics., Springer, 2010. 426 pages, ISBN 978-3-642-14508-7.
- 6. Jean J. Labrosse, Embedded Systems Building Blocks: Complete and Ready-To-Use

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СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1		1	3		1		3	2	2
CO2	2	2		1	1		2	3	2
CO3	1		1	1		1	3	2	2
CO4		2		1		1	3	3	2
CO5	2		3	3	3	3	2	3	2
CO6	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3

Modules in C, The publisher, Paul Temme, 2011.



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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand the storage architecture and available technologies.
- To learn to establish & manage data center.
- To learn security aspects of storage & data center.
- To study how to manage data in various application domains.
- To study about various virtualization techniques.

UNIT I STORAGE TECHNOLOGY

Review data creation and the amount of data being created and understand the value of data to a business, challenges in data storage and data management, Solutions available for data storage, Core elements of a data center infrastructure, role of each element in supporting business activities.

UNIT II STORAGE SYSTEMS ARCHITECTURE

Hardware and software components of the host environment, Key protocols and concepts used by each component ,Physical and logical components of a connectivity environment ,Major physical components of a disk drive and their function, logical constructs of a physical disk, access characteristics, and performance Implications, Concept of RAID and its components, Different RAID levels and their suitability for different application environments: RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 3, RAID 4, RAID 5, RAID 0+1, RAID 1+0, RAID 6, Compare and contrast integrated and modular storage systems,High-level architecture and working of an intelligent storage system.

UNIT III INTRODUCTION TO NETWORKED STORAGE

Evolution of networked storage, Architecture, components, and topologies of FC-SAN, NAS, and IP- SAN, Benefits of the different networked storage options, understand the need for long-term archiving solutions and describe how CAS full fill the need, understand the appropriateness of the different networked storage options for different application environments

UNIT IV INFORMATION AVAILABILITY, MONITORING & MANAGING DATACENTERS

List reasons for planned/unplanned outages and the impact of downtime, Impact of downtime -Business continuity (BC) and disaster recovery (DR) ,RTO and RPO, Identify single points of failure in a storage infrastructure and list solutions to mitigate these failures, architecture of backup/recovery and the different backup/ recovery topologies, replication technologies and their role in ensuring information availability and business continuity, Remote replication technologies and their role in providing disaster recovery and business continuity capabilities. Identify key areas to monitor in a data center, Industry standards for data center monitoring and management, Key metrics to monitor for different components in a storage infrastructure, Key management tasks in a data center.

UNIT V SECURING STORAGE AND STORAGE VIRTUALIZATION

Information security, Critical security attributes for information systems, Storage security domains, List and analyzes the common threats in each domain, Virtualization technologies, block-level and file-level virtualization technologies and processes.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Select from various storage technologies to suit for required application.
- CO2: Apply security measures to safeguard storage & farm
- CO3: Analyze QoS on Storage.

CO4: Know about various backup and recovery technologies

- **CO5:** Gain knowledge about various threats in different domains
- CO6: Analyze various real-time problems and give solutions

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. EMC Corporation, "Information Storage and Management: Storing, Managing, and Protecting Digital Information", Wiley, India, 2010
- 2. Marc Farley, -Building Storage Networksll, Tata McGraw Hill, Osborne, 2001.
- 3. Robert Spalding, —Storage Networks: The Complete Reference—, Tata McGraw Hill, Osborne, 2003.

ONLINE COURSES / RESOURCES:

- 1. https://www.my-mooc.com
- 2. Introduction to Data Storage and Management Technologies | My Mooc (my-ooc.com)
- 3. http://www.ictacademy.in/pages/Information-Storage-and-Management.aspx
- 4. https://www.classcentral.com

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	2	1		1		3	2	2
CO2			1			1	3	2	3
CO3		1		3	2		3	3	2
CO4	1	1		1	2		2	3	3
CO5	2	2	3	3		1	2	2	3
CO6			2	3	2	2	3	3	3

25CS2918 SOFTWARE RELIABILITY METRICS & MODELS

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To learn about the software reliability fundamentals & to measure the reliability of software systems.
- To learn about basics of Software Reliability Modeling.
- To Learn the concepts of Comparison Criteria
- To Learn software metrics & understand the concepts of Measurements in Software Engineering.
- To Understand the Measurement of Internet Product Attributes and Quality Management Models.

UNIT - I SOFTWARE RELIABILITY FUNDAMENTALS

Basic Concepts – Failure and Faults – Environment – Availability –Modeling –uses – requirements reliability metrics – design & code reliability metrics – testing reliability metrics. Computation of software reliability, Functional and Operational Profile.

UNIT - II SOFTWARE RELIABILITY MODELING 9

Concepts – General Model Characteristic – Historical Development of models – Model Classification scheme – Markovian models – General concepts – General Poisson Type Models – Binomial Type Models – Poisson Type models – Fault reduction factor for Poisson Type models. Software Reliability Modeling: A general procedure for reliability modelling.

UNIT - III COMPARISON OF SOFTWARE RELIABILITY MODELS

Comparison Criteria – Failure Data – Comparison of Predictive Validity of Model Groups – Recommended Models – Comparison of Time Domains – Calendar Time Modeling – Limiting Resource Concept – Resource Usage model – Resource Utilization – Calendar Time Estimation and confidence Intervals

UNIT -IV MEASUREMENTS THEORY 9

Measurements in Software Engineering – Scope of Software metrics – Measurements theory – Goal based Framework – Software Measurement Validation.

UNIT -V MEASURING SOFTWARE PRODUCT

Measurement of Internet Product Attributes – Size and Structure – External Product Attributes – Measurement of Quality – Software Reliability: Measurement and Prediction.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1** Evaluate the reliability of any given software product.
- **CO2** Compare and select the right reliability model for evaluating the software.
- **CO3** Design reliability models for software systems.

- **CO4** Perform some simple statistical analysis relevant to software measurement data.
- **CO5** Understand from practical examples both the benefits and limitations of software metrics for quality control and assurance.
- **CO6** Compare and analyze different software.

- 1. John D. Musa, —Software Reliability Engineeringll, Tata McGraw Hill, 1999
- John D. Musa, Anthony Iannino, KazuhiraOkumoto, —Software Reliability Measurement, Prediction, Application, Series in Software Engineering and Technologyll, McGraw Hill, 1987
- **3.** Norman Fenton, James Bieman, —Software Metrics: A Rigorous and Practical Approachll, 3rd edition, CRC Press, 2015
- 4. H. Pham, Software Reliability, Springer Verlag, New York , 2000
- 5. Patric D. T.O Connor, Practical Reliability Engineering, 4th Edition, John Wesley & Sons, 2003

6.	D. Reled, Software Reliability	Methods, Springer Verlag, New York , 200	1

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1 🗙	17			3	3	2	3
CO2	1	1	2	2	1	2	3	2	2
CO3	1	2	1	1 EN	URA3CE	3	3	3	3
CO4	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	3
CO5	1	2	1	9	2	3	2	3	3
CO6	1	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	2

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To study the history of different medical imaging modalities
- To introduce basic concepts on acquiring, storing, and processing of medical images.
- To impart knowledge on visualization of medical images.
- To provide details about different image segmentation and multimodal medical image registration techniques.
- To understand functional imaging modalities including SPECT, PET and ultrasound.

UNIT I

FOUNDATIONS OF MEDICAL IMAGING

Introduction to medical imaging technology, systems, and modalities. Brief history, importance, applications, trends, challenges. Medical Image Formation Principles: X-Ray physics, X-Ray generation, attenuation, scattering, dose Basic principles of CT, reconstruction methods, artifacts, CT hardware.

UNIT II MEDICAL IMAGE MANAGEMENT AND PROCESSING

Medical Image Storage, Archiving and Communication Systems and Formats Picture archiving and communication system (PACS), Formats: DICOM Radiology Information Systems (RIS) and Hospital Information Systems (HIS). Medical Image Processing, Enhancement, Filtering Basic image processing algorithms Thresholding, contrast enhancement, SNR characteristics, filtering, histogram modeling.

UNIT III MEDICAL IMAGE VISUALIZATION AND MRI

Medical Image Visualization Fundamentals of visualization, surface and volume rendering/visualization, animation, interaction. Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) Mathematics of MR, spin physics, NMR spectroscopy, imaging principles and hardware, image artifacts.

UNIT IV MEDICAL IMAGE SEGMENTATION AND REGISTRATION 9

Medical Image Segmentation - Histogram-based methods, Region growing and watersheds, Markov Random Field models, active contours, model-based segmentation. Multi-scale segmentation, semi-automated methods, clustering-based methods, classification-based methods, atlas-guided approaches, multi-model segmentation. Medical Image Registration Intensity-based methods, cost functions, optimization techniques.

UNIT V ADVANCED MODALITIES AND APPLICATIONS IN MEDICAL IMAGING 9

PET and SPECT Ultrasound Imaging methods, mathematical principles, resolution, noise effect, 3D imaging, positron emission tomography, single photon emission tomography, ultrasound imaging, applications. Medical Image Search and Retrieval Current technology in medical image search, content-based image retrieval, new trends: ontologies. Applications. Other Applications of Medical Imaging Validation, Image Guided Surgery, Image Guided Therapy; Computer Aided Diagnosis/Diagnostic Support Systems.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

CO1: Understand fundamental principles and modalities of medical imaging technologies.

CO2: Learn medical image storage, archiving, and communication systems like PACS and DICOM.

CO3: Apply basic image processing techniques for enhancement and quality improvement.

CO4: Analyze visualization techniques and principles of MRI imaging and its artifacts.

CO5: Explore advanced segmentation and registration methods for feature extraction.

CO6: Examine emerging trends and applications in medical imaging and diagnostics.

- 1. Paul Suetens, "Fundamentals of Medical Imaging", Second Edition, Cambridge UniversityPress,2009.
- 2. J. Michael Fitzpatrick and Milan Sonka, "Handbook of Medical Imaging: Medical ImageProcessing and Analysis", volume 2, SPIE Publications, 2009.
- 3. Kayvan Najarian and Robert Splinter, "Biomedical Signal and Image Processing", SecondEdition, CRC Press,2005
- 4. Geoff Dougherty, "Digital Image Processing for Medical Applications", First Edition, Cambridge University Press, 2009.
- 5. Jerry L.Prince and Jonathan Links, "Medical Imaging Signals and Systems", First Edition, Prentice Hall, 2005.
- 6. John L. Semmlow, "Biosignal and Medical Image Processing", Second Edition, CRCPress,2008

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СО	P01	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	1	I EDU	CATION	AL	3	2	1
CO2	3	3	2		2		3	3	1
CO3	3	3	3	2	2		1	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	2		2	3	2
CO5	3	3	3	3	2		2	3	3
CO6	3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	3

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UNITI

NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Learn the techniques in natural language processing.
- Be familiar with the natural language generation.
- Be exposed to machine translation.
- Understand the information retrieval techniques

OVERVIEW AND LANGUAGE MODELING

Overview: Origins and challenges of NLP-Language and Grammar-Processing Indian Languages-NLP Applications-Information Retrieval. Language Modelling: Various Grammar- based Language Models-Statistical Language Model

UNIT II WORD LEVEL AND SYNTACTIC ANALYSIS

Word Level Analysis: Regular Expressions-Finite-State Automata-Morphological Parsing-Spelling Error Detection and correction-Words and Word Classes-Part-of Speech Tagging. Syntactic Analysis: Context-free Grammar-Constituency- Parsing-Probabilistic Parsing.

UNIT III SEMANTIC ANALYSIS AND DISCOURSE PROCESSING 10

Semantic Analysis: Meaning Representation-Lexical Semantics- Ambiguity-Word Sense Disambiguation. Discourse Processing: cohesion-Reference Resolution- Discourse Coherence and Structure

UNIT IV NATURAL LANGUAGE GENERATION AND MACHINE TRANSLATION

Natural Language Generation: Architecture of NLG Systems- Generation Tasks and Representations Application of NLG. Machine Translation: Problems in Machine Translation-Characteristics of Indian Languages- Machine Translation Approaches-Translation involving Indian Language

UNIT V INFORMATION RETRIEVAL AND LEXICAL RESOURCES

Information Retrieval: Design features of Information Retrieval Systems-Classical, Non-classical, Alternative Models of Information Retrieval – valuation Lexical Resources: World Net-Frame Net Stemmers-POS Tagger- Research Corpora. Applications: Automatic Text Summarization, Question- Answering System

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Understand text with basic Language features
- **CO2:** Design an innovative application using NLP components
- CO3: Implement a rule-based system to tackle morphology/syntax of a language
- CO4: Design a tag set to be used for statistical processing for real-time applications
- **CO5:** Compare and contrast the use of different statistical approaches for different types of NLP applications.
- **CO6:** Implement a simple chatbot using dialogue system concepts

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Introduction to Natural Language Processing (Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning series), Eisenstein, Jacob, MIT Press, 2019
- 2. Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, -Natural Language Processing and

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Information Retrievall, Oxford University Press, 2008.

- 3. Daniel Jurafsky and James H Martin, —Speech and Language Processing: An introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and Speech RecognitionII,2 nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008
- **4.** James Allen, —Natural Language Understandingll, 2nd edition, Benjamin /Cummings publishing company, 1995

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	2	2	3	EERIN	Gto		3	2	1
CO2		2	2	2		2	2	2	3
CO3			1			1	3	3	2
CO4	1	12	1			1	3	2	2
CO5	1	Ĩ		2	\$2	3	2	3	3
CO6	2	2		9	15		2	3	3

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DIGITAL FORENSICS

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To understand the basic digital forensics and techniques for conducting the forensic examination on different digital devices
- To understand how to examine digital evidences such as the data acquisition, identification analysis
- To learn different techniques and procedures that enable them to perform a digital investigation
- To perform the analysis of physical storage media and volume analysis.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTER FORENSICS

Computer forensics fundamentals, Benefits of forensics, computer crimes, computer forensics evidence and courts, legal concerns and private issues.

UNIT II FORENSICS ACQUISITION TOOLS

Data acquisition- understanding storage formats and digital evidence, determining the best acquisition method, acquisition tools, validating data acquisitions, performing RAID data acquisitions, remote network acquisition tools, other forensics acquisitions tools.

UNIT III

INVESTIGATION

Introduction to Cyber Crime Investigation, Investigation Tools, eDiscovery, Digital Evidence Collection, Evidence Preservation, E-Mail Investigation, E-Mail Tracking, IP Tracking, E-Mail Recovery, Hands on Case Studies. Encryption and Decryption Methods, Search and Seizure of Computers, Recovering Deleted Evidences, Password Cracking.

UNIT IV

DIGITAL FORENSICS

Introduction to Digital Forensics, Open Source Examination Platform - Using Linux and Windows as the Host, Disk and File System Analysis, Media Analysis Concepts , Sleuth Kit, Partitioning and Disk Layouts, Special Containers, Hashing, Forensic Imaging, Internet Artifacts, Browser & Mail Artifacts, File Analysis, Image, Audio, Video, Archives, Documents, Graphical Investigation Environments, PyFLAG, Fiwalk, Forensic Ballistics and Photography, Face, Iris and Fingerprint Recognition.

UNIT V

LAWS AND ACTS

Laws and Ethics, Digital Evidence Controls, Evidence Handling Procedures, Basics of Indian Evidence ACT IPC and CrPC, Electronic Communication Privacy ACT, Legal Policies.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Knowledge about Forensics Acquisition Tools.
- CO2: Analysis about investigation, Encryption and Decryption Methods.
- **CO3:** Familiarity in Open source Digital Forensics Platform and tools.
- **CO4:** Explain the concepts of Cyber Security and Cyber forensics
- **CO5:** Implement and Manage the security essentials in IT Sector
- **CO6:** Be aware of Privacy and Storage security Issues.

- 1. Warren G. Kruse II and Jay G. Heiser, —Computer Forensics: Incident Response EssentialsII, Addison Wesley, 2002.
- Nelson, B, Phillips, A, Enfinger, F, Stuart, C., —Guide to Computer Forensics and Investigations, 2nd ed., Thomson Course Technology, 2006, ISBN: 0-619-21706-5.
- 3. Bernadette H Schell, Clemens Martin, —Cybercrimell, ABC CLIO Inc, California, 2004. Understanding Forensics in IT —, NIIT Ltd, 2005
- 4. Cory Altheide and Harlan Carvey, Digital Forensics with Open Source Toolsll Elsevier publication, April 2011
- 5. Kevin Mandia, Chris Prosise, Matt Pepe, —Incident Response and Computer Forensics —, TataMcGraw -Hill, New Delhi, 2006.
- 6. Nelson Phillips and Enfinger Steuart, —Computer Forensics and Investigationsll, Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2009.
- 7. Robert M Slade, I Software ForensicsII, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2005

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	2	1	$\Xi(1)$	2	1	2	3	1
CO2		a 1		NTV.		2	3	3	1
CO3	2	2	S(35	B		2	3	1
CO4		2	2	2	TINS .	2	3	2	2
CO5	2	2	2		2	5	3	2	2
CO6	2		KTHI.	2	NAL	2	2	1	3



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OPEN-SOURCE PROGRAMMING

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- Open-source community easy to adoption and use in creating (and running) much of • the modern internet.
- Allow anyone to modify, enhance or re-engineer a program's code
- Understand about open-source products on the Internet by using a search engine
- Understand about Free open-source content-management system

PHP

Understanding about web security applications

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION

Introduction to open-source programming languages, advantages and drawbacks of open source programming, threats and vulnerabilities in open source languages, Operating System – Ubuntu Linux – Introduction to shell programming.

UNIT II Language Basics, Functions - calling a function, variable function, and anonymous function, Strings - cleaning, encoding and escaping, and comparing strings, Arrays – storing data in arrays, extracting multiple values, traversing, and sorting arrays, Objects - creation, introspection, and serialization, Web Techniques - processing forms and maintaining state.

WEB DATABASE APPLICATIONS UNIT III

Three-tier architecture, Introduction to Object oriented programming with PHP 5, Database basics, MYSQL - querying web databases, writing to web databases, validation with JavaScript, Form based authentication, protecting data on the web.

UNIT IV PERL, TCL, AND PYTHON 9

Numbers and Strings, Control Statements, Lists and Arrays, Files, Pattern matching, Hashes, Functions. Introduction to TCL/TK, Introduction to Python.

SECURITY IN WEB APPLICATIONS **UNIT V**

Recognizing web application security threats, Code Grinder, Building functional and secure web applications, Security problems with JavaScript, vulnerable GCI scripts, Code Auditing and Reverse Engineering, types of security used in applications.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1:** Implement various applications using build systems
- **CO2:** Understand the installation of various packages in open source operating systems
- **CO3:** Create simple GUI applications using php, mysgl
- **CO4:** Understand the concept of Scripting language like JavaScript and GCI
- CO5: Learn Scripting language like JavaScript

CO6: Design web security applications

- 1. Kevin Tatroe, Peter MacIntyre, RasmusLerdorf, —Programming PHPII, O'Reilly Media, 2012.
- 2. Michael Cross, —Developer's Guide to Web Application Securityll, Syngress Publishers, 2007.
- 3. Hugh E. Williams, David Lane, —Web Database applications with PHP and MYSQLI, Second Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2004.CSE

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1	INTERI	3	011	2	3	2	1
CO2	1	151	2		10	2	2	3	2
CO3		2	1	2	\sim	E.	2	3	2
CO4	1/2	1		2	1	2	2	3	2
CO5	12		2	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO6	1	2	E		Ĵŝ.		2	2	3

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To make sense of the social and information networks that have been fueled and rendered accessible by the internet.
- To Analyze social networks by finding communities, identifying important nodes and influence propagation.
- To understand the concept of social network mining.
- To learn knowledge representation using network dynamics.
- To understand human behavior in social web and related communities.

UNIT - I

INTRODUCTION

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Overview: Social network data-Formal methods- Paths and Connectivity-Graphs to represent social relations-Working with network data- Network Datasets-Strong and weak ties - Closure, Structural Holes, and Social Capital.

UNIT - II SOCIAL INFLUENCE

Homophily: Mechanisms Underlying Homophily, Selection and Social Influence, Affiliation, Tracking Link Formation in OnLine Data, Spatial Model of Segregation - Positive and Negative Relationships - Structural Balance - Applications of Structural Balance, Weaker Form of Structural Balance.

UNIT - III INFORMATION NETWORKS AND THE WORLD WIDE WEB 9 The Structure of the Web- World Wide Web- Information Networks, Hypertext, and Associative Memory-Web as a Directed Graph, Bow-Tie Structure of the Web- Link Analysis and Web Search- Searching the Web: Ranking, Link Analysis using Hubs and Authorities-Page Rank- Link Analysis in Modern Web Search, Applications, Spectral Analysis, Random Walks, and Web Search.

UNIT-IV

SOCIAL NETWORK MINING

Clustering of Social Network graphs: Betweenness, Girvan newman algorithm-Discovery of communities-Cliques and Bipartite graphs-Graph partitioning methods-Matrices-Eigen values Simrank.

UNIT-V **NETWORK DYNAMICS**

Cascading Behavior in Networks: Diffusion in Networks, Modeling Diffusion - Cascades and Cluster, Thresholds, Extensions of the Basic Cascade Model- Six Degrees of Separation-Structure and Randomness, Decentralized Search- Empirical Analysis and Generalized Models- Analysis of Decentralized Search.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- Understand the Evolution of Social Networks CO1
- CO2 Analyze the structure of Social Networks
- CO3 Explore the knowledge from disciplines as diverse as sociology, mathematics, computer science

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- **CO4** Discuss the Online interactive demonstrations and hands-on analysis of real-world data sets.
- **CO5** Understand the Cascading Behavior in Social Networks.
- **CO6** Gain knowledge about social networks and interactions in networks.

- 1. Easley and Kleinberg, "Networks, Crowds, and Markets: Reasoning about a highly connected world", Cambridge Univ. Press, 2010.
- 2. Robert A. Hanneman and Mark Riddle, "Introduction to social network methods", University of California, 2005.
- 3. Jure Leskovec, StanfordUniv. AnandRajaraman, Milliway Labs, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Mining of Massive Datasets", Cambridge University Press, 2 edition, 2014.
- 4. Wasserman, S., & Faust, K, "Social Network Analysis: Methods and Applications", cambridge University Press; 1 edition, 1994.
- 5. Borgatti, S. P., Evercloudett, M. G., & Johnson, J. C., "Analyzing social networks", SAGE Publications Ltd; 1 edition, 2013.
- 6. John Scott , "Social Network Analysis: A Handbook" , SAGE Publications Ltd; 2nd edition, 2000.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1.5			1	1	2	3	2
CO2	1		2	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO3	15	2	1	1	91		3	2	2
CO4	Ň	24	<820un	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO5	2	THI	EDUC	TIONP	1	2	3	2	2
CO6	2	2	2	2			2	3	2

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

UNIT - III

- To Understand the basics of Quantum Computing and the paradigm.
- To Learn how the Quantum Computing will differ from Conventional Computing.
- To Understand the concepts of Qubits and various Quantum Computation algorithms
- To Be aware of Quantum Computing on various fields such as Computer Security and Machine learning.

UNIT - I FOUNDATION

Overview of traditional computing – Church-Turing thesis – circuit model of computation– reversible computation – quantum physics – quantum physics and computation – Dirac notation and Hilbert Spaces – dual vectors – operators – the spectral theorem –functions of operators – tensor products – Schmidt decomposition theorem.

UNIT - IIQUBITS AND QUANTUM MODEL OF COMPUTATION9State of a quantum system - time evolution of a closed system - composite systems -
measurement - mixed states and general quantum operations - quantum circuit model -
quantum gates - universal sets of quantum gates - unitary transformations - quantum
circuits.

Superdense coding – quantum teleportation – applications of teleportation – probabilistic versus quantum algorithms – phase kick-back – the Deutsch algorithm – the Deutsch- Jozsa algorithm – Simon's algorithm – Quantum phase estimation and quantum Fourier Transform – eigenvalue estimation.

QUANTUM ALGORITHMS - I

UNIT -IVQUANTUM ALGORITHMS – II9Order-finding problem – eigenvalue estimation approach to order finding – Shor's algorithm

for order finding – finding discrete logarithms – hidden subgroups – Grover's quantum search algorithm – amplitude amplification – quantum amplitude estimation – quantum counting – searching without knowing the success probability.

UNIT -V QUANTUM COMPUTATIONAL COMPLEXITY AND ERROR 9 CORRECTION

Computational complexity – black-box model – lower bounds for searching – general blackbox lower bounds – polynomial method – block sensitivity – adversary methods – classical error correction – classical three-bit code – fault tolerance – quantum error correction – three- and nine-qubit quantum codes – fault tolerant quantum computation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

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COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1** The basic principles of quantum computing.
- **CO2** The fundamental differences between conventional computing and quantum computing

- **CO3** Several basic quantum computing algorithms
- **CO4** Concept of Qubits and various computing models.
- **CO5** The classes of problems that can be expected to be solved well by quantum computers
- **CO6** Apply deep quantum algorithms for real world problems

- 1. P. Kaye, R. Laflamme, and M. Mosca, "An introduction to Quantum Computing", Oxford University Press, 1999
- 2. Scott Aaronson, "Quantum Computing Since Democritus", Cambridge University Press, 2013.

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	2	3		1		3	3	2
CO2	1	2	1				2	3	2
CO3		1		2	1	2	2	3	2
CO4	2		2	2		3	3	3	2
CO5	1		1	2		3	3	3	2
CO6	2	2	1	2	2	3	2	3	3

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COURSE OBJECTIVE:

- To learn the various E-learning approaches and Components.
- To understand the key elements of Design Thinking.
- To explore the models for E-learning courseware development.
- To design E-learning courses using Authoring tools
- To analyze various E-learning solutions for design and development
- To Develop an evaluation plan for the E-Learning

UNIT – I

INTRODUCTION

Introduction to E- Learning - Need for E-Learning – Types of E-Learning – Strategies of E-Learning Components of ELearning– Synchronous and Asynchronous Modes of Learning – Quality of E-Learning – Blended Learning: Activities, Team and Technology – Work Flow to Produce and Deliver E-Learning Content. Design Thinking: Introduction – Actionable Strategy – Act to Learn – Leading Teams to Win.

UNIT - II DESIGNING E-LEARNING CONTENT / COURSE 9

Design Models of E-Learning – Identifying and Organizing E-Learning Course Content: Needs Analysis –Analyzing the Target Audience – Identifying Course Content - Defining Learning Objectives – Defining the Course Sequence – Defining Instructional Methods – Defining Evaluation and Delivery Strategies – Case Study.

UNIT - III CREATING INTERACTIVE E- CONTENT 9

Preparing content: Tips for Content Development and Language Style – Creating storyboards: Structure of an interactive Multimedia E-lesson – Techniques for presenting Multimedia content – Integrating multimedia elements -Developing Practice and Assessment Tests – Courseware Development – Authoring tools – Types of Authoring Tools – Selecting an Authoring Tool.

UNIT -IV LEARNING PLATFORMS

Types of Learning Platforms – Proprietary vs. Open – Introduction Learning Management System (LMS) – Content management System – CMS vs LMS – LMS solutions – Functional Areas of LMS.

UNIT -V COURSE DELIVERY AND EVALUATION 9

Components of an Instructor Led or Facilitated Course – Planning and Documenting Activities – Facilitating Learners Activities – E-learning Methods and Delivery Formats – Using Communication Tools for E-learning – Course Evaluation -Developing Evaluation Instruments – Evaluating E- Learning Development – Evaluating E-Learning Course

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOME(S):

On successful completion of the course student will be able to:

- **CO1** Distinguish the phases of activities in models of E-learning
- **CO2** Identify appropriate E-Learning instructional methods and delivery strategies
- **CO3** Choose appropriate E-learning Authoring tools
- CO4 Create interactive E-Learning courseware
- **CO5** Evaluate the E-learning courseware
- **CO6** Determine the quality, effectiveness, and continuous improvement of the e-Learning

- 1. Clark, R. C., & Mayer, R. E. (2016). E-Learning and the science of instruction: Proven guidelines for consumers and designers of multimedia learning. John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Means, B., Toyama, Y., Murphy, R, "Evaluation of Evidence-Based Practices in Online Learning: A Meta-Analysis and Review of Online Learning Studies", 2010.
- 3. Crews, T. B., Sheth, S. N., Horne, T. M, "Understanding the Learning Personalities of Successful Online Students. Educause Review", 2014.
- 4. Johnny Schneider, "Understanding Design Thinking, Lean and Agile", 2017.
- 5. Madhuri Dubey, "Effective E-learning Design, Development and Delivery", University Press 2011.
- 6. Arshavskiy, M. Instructional design for Elearning: Essential guide to creating successful Elearning courses. CreateSpace.,2013
- 7. Horton William, e-Learning by Design, Publisher: Pfeiffer, 2011

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	1	1			e	1	2	3	2
CO2		1	2	2	1	2	2	3	2
CO3	1	2	1	1			2	3	1
CO4			2	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO5	1		1		2	1	1	2	3
CO6	1	2				2	1	2	3